

REPORT
ON THE
GENERAL ADMINISTRATION
OF
THE TRIPURA STATE
FOR THE YEAR

1336. T. E.

(1926—27 A. D.)



AGARTALA.

PRINTED AT THE STATE PRESS.

1337 T. E.

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REPORT ON THE ADMINISTRATION

OF

THE TRIPURA STATE

FOR

1336 T. E. (1926-27.)

CHAPTER I—GENERAL AND POLITICAL.

Area of the State—4,116 sq. miles.

Population—3,04,437.

Gross Revenue (based on the average of the previous five years) :—

(a) State	Rs. 16,15,141.
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(b) Zemindaries	Rs. 10,49,832.
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Tribute—Nil.

Ruler of the State—His Highness The Bisama-Samara-Bijayee Mahamahodaya Pancha-Srijukta Maharaja Manikya Bir Bikramkishore Dev Barman Bahadur. Age—18 years. (Born—19th August, 1908). Caste—Kshatriya (of the Lunar race).

1. While the rainfall of the year proved more or less excessive in the plains of the State, it was positively insufficient in the uplands and detrimental to *Joom* crops.

The year.

Indications of scarcity of food stuff were early in evidence in the hill tracts, and to add to the trouble, the "rat pest," which had recurred in the past with unflinching regularity every twenty years, put in appearance again, following, as usual, in the wake of the curious phenomenon of the flowering of bamboos. Relief measures had soon to be started, and the distress, which was accompanied by outbreaks of Cholera and Small-pox, assumed serious proportions, affecting, since the close of the year, all sections of hill men and necessitating heavy expenditure. In spite of damage to rice crops, the agricultural population of the plains, however, fared well, owing to the high prices that generally prevailed, and so far as collection was concerned, the figures for land revenue stood far ahead of the previous year. The gross receipts, on the whole, exceeded all previous records and enabled the Council of Administration to keep to its programme of full payment of all liabilities by the end of the year, and to show, in spite of increased expenditure mostly in the improvement departments, a substantially increased cash balance.

2. His Highness the Maharaja's administrative Training was completed during the year and it was decided that His Highness would be vested with Ruling Powers on completion of his 19th year, on the

His Highness the
Maharaja.

19th August, 1927.

3. This is therefore the last annual report drawn up under the authority of the Council and it will not be out of place to refer in it to the main features of its work.

The Council of Administration and its work.

4. Inaugurated on the 9th December, 1923, the Council has barely passed through three years of its existence. Its position has necessarily been peculiar—often difficult and even delicate. It must congratulate itself however on having secured the active sympathy and good will of His Highness the Maharaja and the co-operation of Their Highnesses the Dowager Maharanees—a fact that enabled it to handle smoothly many a situation that would necessarily have been trying otherwise. To His Highness it owes an everlasting debt of gratitude and to the Maharanees its grateful thanks.

5. Early steps were taken by the Council, on assumption of charge, to place the finances of the State on a sound footing. The budgets were revised and retrenchment effected in various Departments. An up-to-date inventory of liabilities was drawn up and schemes formulated for the gradual payment of debts and adjustment of old advances. Early in 1924 a committee was appointed to scrutinize all outstanding claims and the total figure accepted as representing the liabilities at the death of the late Ruler was settled at Rs. 15,62,390. All outside claims were paid off by the end of 1925, partially with the help of a sum of Rs. 2,03,000 which Their Highnesses the Maharanees in a commendable spirit deposited in the Treasury at a low rate of interest. The income, which rose from year to year, was unprecedented during the year under report, answering best expectations and the entire liabilities, inclusive of Their Highnesses' deposit, now stand paid up with the solitary exception of one item of Rs. 13,000, the claimant for which did not turn up; while the closing balance of the year rose to Rs. 10,59,982 against Rs. 2,37,620 in 1922-23. Another noticeable feature of the financial administration was the vigorous adjustment and substantial reduction of old advances, by far the greater portion of which represented expenditure previously incurred without budget provision. The figure for unadjusted advances stood at Rs. 1,55,106 at the end of the year, against Rs. 8,68,556 in 1922-23.

The finances.

6. With regard to reforms and improvements, the Council had necessarily to adopt a policy more or less cautious. But that it was far from being inattentive to legitimate demands on the lines, would appear from the following items of expenditure sanctioned, which represent Public Works of utility, as well as educational and other measures of importance, completed during the triennium :—

Works of improvement.

1.	Khas Adalat Building	...	...	Rs.	90,227
2.	Jail Building	...	...	"	23,786
3.	Extension of the Administration Building	...	...	"	53,161
4.	Guest House Building	...	...	"	46,145
5.	Stone metalling of the State portion of the Akhaura to Agartala Road	...	...	"	32,786
6.	Stone metalling of the British portion of the Akhaura to Agartala Road	...	...	"	44,872

7. Bishalgarh to Udaipur Road	...	Rs. 47,114
8. Purchase of property	...	„ 90,000
9. Grain allowance paid to officers	...	„ 1,21,201
10. Special educational grants	...	„ 34,150

7. The Council would also offer its best thanks to Mr. A. J. Dash, I. C. S. and Mr. W. H. Nelson, I. C. S., Political Agents, for the ready and ungrudging assistance always received from them.

8. His Highness the Maharaja visited Calcutta on the 22nd Agra-hayan, 1336 T. E. i. e. 8th December, 1926, accompanied by Lt. Colonel O. C. Pulley, guardian tutor, and had the pleasure of meeting His Excellency the Viceroy and His Excellency the Governor of Bengal. The party returned to head quarters on 8th Magh i. e. 22nd January, 1927.

9. Mr. A. J. Dash, I. C. S., continued to be the Political Agent of the State till 18th March, 1927, with the exception of a period of about three months when he was on leave and Mr. N. L. Hindley officiated. On Mr. Dash's transfer, Mr. W. H. Nelson, I. C. S., was appointed Political Agent of the State.

CHAPTER II—LAND ADMINISTRATION.

10. Babu B. K. Chatterjee, M. A., B. L., remained in charge of the Revenue Department during the year under review.

11. As shewn in the subjoined statement, the total area held under settlement and borne on the *taujis* at the close of the year was 587 sq. miles as against 583 sq. miles in the previous year.

Kinds of settlement.	Area in square miles.		Increase.	Decrease.	REMARKS.
	1336 T.E.	1335 T.E.			
<i>Jotes</i> ...	268	261	7	—	
<i>Taluks</i> ...	319	322		3	
Total ...	587	583	7	3	

12. The decrease in the area under *taluk* settlement is due to auction purchase by the State of some *taluks* at revenue sale.

13. As in the previous year there was no fresh settlement for Tea Settlement. tea cultivation in the year under report.

14. The average of *jama* per *kani* of *jote* lands in *Khash Mehals* (exclusive of cesses) stood at 15 annas and 1 pie against 15 annas and 4 pies in the previous year. The maximum rate for *jotes* was Rs. 5-13 per *kani* while the minimum was 4 annas, and for *taluks* Re. 1-8 and annas 1-9 respectively.

15. The different sources of land revenue demand with the Sources of land revenue. collection under each head are detailed below :—

Sources.	Current demand.		Arrear demand up to the end of		Realization up to the end of		REMARKS.
	1336 T.E.	1335 T.E.	1335 T.E.	1334 T.E.	1336 T.E.	1335 T.E.	
<i>Taluks ...</i>	1,67,666	1,67,266	2,43,221	2,14,407	1,57,710	1,42,190	
<i>Khas Mehaljotes</i>	4,06,384	4,01,698	7,59,867	7,41,843	4,07,062	3,94,837	
<i>Bazars ...</i>	7,082	6,975	1,187	1,229	7,289	7,002	
<i>Cesses ...</i>	36,031	35,682	65,990	62,330	34,166	33,074	
Total ...	6,17,163	6,11,621	10,70,265	10,19,809	6,06,227	5,77,103	

16. The above statement will show that the current demand under all heads was Rs. 6,17,163. With the arrear Demand. demand of Rs. 10,70,265, the total demand of the year was Rs. 16,87,428 against Rs. 16,31,430 of the previous year. There was an increase in the current demand in respect of *jote* lands, due as usual to assessment on the expiry of the rent free period and resettlement after the previous term. The increase in the current demand in respect of *taluki* lands is due to Survey and Settlement operations.

17. The total collection under all heads during the year amounted to Rs. 6,06,227, being Rs. 3,01,700 under Collection. current and Rs. 3,04,527 under arrears, against Rs. 5,77,103 in the previous year. The percentage of current collection was 48·88 against 47·85 and that of the arrears 28·45 against 27·89. In the *Khas Mehal* the percentage of current collection was 40·73 against 40·56 and in *taluki mehal* the percentage was 73·26 against 63·98 in the previous year.

18. Altogether 3,090 certificate cases covering a demand of Rs. 2,21,980 were instituted during the year. With Coercive measures—certificates. 1,351 cases valued at Rs. 2,20,308 pending from the previous year, the total number of cases awaiting final orders on disposal of preliminary notices issued on debtors, was 4,441, covering a total demand of Rs. 4,42,288. Of these 77 cases with a demand of Rs. 24,279 were rejected or struck off and Rs. 23,149 in 756 cases was realised before decree, while 1,530 cases with a total value of Rs. 2,76,590 remained pending.

19. Orders under the provisions of the State Certificate Act were passed during the year in 2,078 cases with a total value of Rs. 1,19,436 making the demands absolute. With 4,491 cases to the value of Rs. 3,46,346 pending in execution from the previous year, the total number of cases dealt with was 6,569, covering a demand of Rs. 4,65,782. Out of the total demand, Rs. 10,300 was remitted or written off, and of the remainder, Rs. 1,15,138 was actually realised leaving a balance of Rs. 3,40,344. Of the amount realised Rs. 1,00,229 represents land revenue and Rs. 14,909 miscellaneous demands. 7 debtors were ordered to be arrested in the year, of whom only one was confined in jail for 24 days and thereafter paid the whole of the dues by instalments, while partial dues were realised in 2 cases.

20. The number of defaulting *taluks* brought under the operation of the Sunset law (including 30 pending from the previous year) was 87. Of these, 67 were released on payment of dues with penalty, while 3 were sold in auction and 17 remained undisposed of at the close of the year.

21. The results of the survey including resurvey operations are given in the statement below. It will be seen that an area of 6,886 *drones* comprising 1,493 *drones* of *taluk* and 5,393 *drones* of *Khas Mehal* was surveyed as against a total of 3,712 *drones* in the previous year. The sanctioned programme for survey for the year was 10,490 *drones* in *Khas Mehal* and 4,098 *drones* in *taluks*. The total expenditure incurred in the survey operations in *Khas Mehals* was Rs. 8,399.

Names of Divisions.	Quantity of land in <i>drones</i> surveyed in 1336 T. E.			Quantity of land in <i>drones</i> surveyed • in 1335 T. E.			REMARKS.
	<i>Talugi</i> land.	<i>Khas mehal</i> land.	Total.	<i>Talugi</i> land.	<i>Khas mehal</i> land.	Total.	
1. Sadar Division ...	314	44	358	677	888	1,565	
2. Kailashahar " ...	—	924	924	40	504	544	
3. Sonamura " ...	—	1,734	1,734	—	—	—	
4. Bilania " ...	220	790	1,010	—	—	—	
5. Khowai " ...	32	863	895	21	392	413	
6. Dharmanagar " "	219	109	328	252	72	324	
7. Udaipur " ...	364	130	494	—	—	—	
8. Sabroom " ...	344	567	911	16	401	417	
9. Amarpur " " ...	—	232	232	—	449	449	
TOTAL ...	1,493	5,393	6,886	1,006	2,706	3,712	

22. The result of settlement work is given in the statement below. It will be seen that settlement operations were completed in respect of 3,118 *drones* of *jote* land as against 4,063 *drones* in the previous year.

Nature of Settlement.	1336 T. E.		1335 T. E.		REMARKS.
	Area in <i>drones</i> .	<i>Jama</i> in whole rupees.	Area in <i>drones</i> .	<i>Jama</i> in whole rupees.	
1. Permanent <i>talugi</i> settlement of cultivated land ...	—	—	—	—	
2. Permanent <i>talugi</i> settlement of waste land ...	—	—	—	—	
3. <i>Takshichi talugi</i> settlement of cultivated land ...	—	—	—	—	
4. <i>Takshichi talugi</i> settlement of waste land ...	—	—	—	—	
5. <i>Jotedari</i> re-settlement of cultivated land ...	1,936	24,451	3,384	38,290	
6. <i>Jotedari</i> settlement of waste land.	1,182	7,101	679	5,254	
TOTAL ...	3,118	31,552	4,063	43,544	

23. No permanent or *Takshichi* settlement or *Nishkar* grant *Talugi* settlement. was sanctioned during the year.

24. A net increase of Rs. 12,338 in *jama* was secured by resettlement of *abadi jote* land, the *nazarana* secured being Rs. 34,707. The average rate of *jama* per *kani* being 12 annas 8 pies against 11 annas 6 pies in the previous year.

25. During the year an area of 1,182 *drones* of waste land was settled for a prospective rental of Rs. 7,101, the average *jama* per *kani* obtained being 6 annas against 7 annas 9 pies in the previous year. The maximum and minimum rates were Rs. 2-4 and 4 annas respectively. The *nazarana* realised was Rs. 10,897, the rent free period allowed ranging from 1 to 5 years.

26. The Divisional Officers were entrusted with the settlement work within their respective jurisdictions. The total expenditure incurred in the settlement operations exclusively, amounted to Rs. 1,379.

27. It will be seen that the *nazarana* obtained and obtainable by resettlement of cultivable *jote* lands and settlement of waste lands, as *jotes* amounted to Rs. 45,604 (Rs. 34,707 + Rs. 10,897). The net increase of revenue secured was Rs. 19,439 (Rs. 12,338 + Rs. 7,101).

28. As in the previous year a number of old maps were copied for use in the Divisional Offices. During the year 32 copies of such maps were traced at a cost of Rs. 67.

29. As detailed below there were altogether 9 private Estates under State Management during the year under report.

Class.	Name of Estates.	Area.	Revenue.
Encumbered	1. Kakrabon Estate	283 <i>drones</i>	1,871
	2. Jogendranagar Trust Estate	64 "	163
	3. Kamalnagar and Mohendranagar Estate	51 "	255
	4. Gouranga Tripura's Estate	13 "	57
	5. Maharam Adi Chaudhuri Khanja Kha Bahadur's Estate— <i>Taluk Jote</i>	232 " 6 "	1,352 149
Unencumbered	6. Prabhu Goswami's Estate	31 "	61
	7. The Maharanee's Estate	260 "	450
	8. Late Brajakumar Thakur's Estate	47 "	297
Endowment	9. Taranagar Estate	123 "	52

30. The subjoined table shows the demand and collection of the estates during the year.

	DEMAND			COLLECTION			P. C. of collection
	Current	Arrear	Total	Current	Arrear	Total	
1.	6,248	31,197	37,445	672	4,928	5,600	14.94
2.	1,189	3,701	4,890	240	869	1,109	22.68
3.	1,273	968	2,241	628	780	1,408	62.82
4.	205	195	400	40	153	193	48.25
5.	3,982	5,432	9,414	1,269	1,045	2,314	24.58
6.	913	2,494	3,407	350	678	1,028	30.14
7.	5,961	9,478	15,439	2,740	3,375	6,115	39.63
8.	1,336	2,149	3,485	416	1,188	1,604	46.02
9.	2,340	4,674	7,014	767	937	1,704	24.29

CHAPTER III—PROTECTION.

I. Legislation.

31. There were three sittings of the Legislative Committee during the year, besides a number of sittings of various select Committees dealing with draft bills.

32. The following four bills ultimately received the assent of the Council of Administration and passed into law.

(1) The Hackney carriage bill—Act I of 1336 T. E.

(2) A bill amending Act No. I of 1327 about Tea Gardens—Act II of 1336 T. E.

(3) A bill amending the Survey and Settlement Regulation—Act III of 1336 T. E.

(4) A bill for prevention of gambling—Act IV of 1336 T. E.

33. There was no change during the year in the personnel of the Legislative Committee which consisted as before of 17 members, official and non-official, with Babu Jagadish Chandra Mazumder, M.A., B.L., as Secretary.

II. Military.

34. Kumar Dina Mohan Dev Barman was in charge of the Charge. Military Office and the Forces as before.

35. The actual strength of the Force at the close of the year under review, consisted of 183 Sepoys and 39 Officers of all ranks, including the Officer Commanding, 3 A. D. C.s, 1 Subedar Major and 1 Subedar. There were besides a Band Master and 19 men constituting the State Band.

36. The men were chiefly employed as before on escort duty and in furnishing Guards-of-honour on ceremonial occasions.

37. The total expenditure of the year including grain allowance paid, amounted to Rs. 43,528 as against Rs. 43,508.

III. Police.

38. Babu Jogesh Chandra Datta, B. A., continued as Superintendent of police throughout the year. Assistant Superintendent Sreejut Jogendra Chandra Dev Barman was on sick leave from the 24th of Aswin last.

39. The total strength of the State Police was 482 including 10 constables for the Town Section and an additional strength of 1 Daroga and 3 constables for the re-established Jatrapur Thana, and 3 Jamadars and 15 constables for guard duties.

40. There were 4 Inspectors working under the Superintendent of Police. The chief duty of the Inspectors was to control the investigating staff and supervise their work. One Inspector was deputed to famine duty from the 1st of Falgoun of the year under report. As no substitute could be appointed within the year, Police work suffered to some extent specially owing to the growing importance of the Sadar Division in regard to Police work.

41. The total number of cases reported to the Police was 1,318 against 1,282 in the previous year.

42. The result of cases investigated by the Police will be seen from the following table :—

Number of cases reported.

1,318		
Enquiry refused 20	Number investigated 1,213	Pending 85
Maliciously false 3	True 725	Doubtful &c. 485
Charge-sheet 350	Finally reported 375	

43. Altogether 711 persons were arrested for various offences, and 638 persons, excluding absconders sent up for trial by the Police against 802 and 824 respectively, including absconders, in the previous year.

44. Of the number 638 sent up, 171 were convicted, 242 acquitted (including 93 on compromise and 47 on withdrawal of cases), while 1 died, 1 escaped and 223 were awaiting trial. The percentage of conviction was 62.6 against 68.2 of the previous year.

45. Of the 369 persons awaiting trial at the end of the previous year, 133 were convicted and 168 acquitted including 53 on compromise and 7 on withdrawal of cases, while 68 were awaiting trial.

46. 7 bad livelihood cases with 34 persons were instituted during the year under report. Of these persons 13 were convicted and 4 discharged, while 17 persons were awaiting trial.

47. Of 10 Arms Act cases 2 were finally reported as true and 8 with 9 persons sent up for trial, 7 persons were convicted and 1 discharged, while 1 person in one case was awaiting trial at the close of the year.

48. The value of properties stolen was estimated at Rs. 18,115-5-3 against Rs. 22,695-10 of the previous year. Of this amount Rs. 2,710-5 was recovered against Rs. 10,324-6-3 of the previous year. The percentage of recovery was thus 14.95 against 45.4 of the previous year. This is unsatisfactory.

49. There were 9 cases of dacoity reported during the year of which 4 were finally reported as true and 5 sent up in charge sheets. 2 persons were convicted and 11 discharged, while 4 persons in 1 case were awaiting trial at the close of the year.

50. The C. I. D. and the information Bureau continued to work satisfactorily and proved useful in the collection of informations and detecting cases.

51. Altogether 56 cases of unnatural deaths were reported during the year. Regular enquiries were held by the Police in all cases. No foul play was discovered in any of them.

52. 4 Darogas, 1 Naib Daroga, 1 Constable and 10 Out-siders received money rewards. 6 Darogas, 1 Jamadar, 2 Writer Constables and 36 Constables were fined, suspended &c., while 13 Constables were dismissed.

53. The Superintendent of Police was out on tour for 84 days during the year against 86 days of the previous year.

54. The relations with the Police in the adjoining districts in British India continued to be satisfactory. 4 Co-operation Meetings were held in which the State Police joined and discussed matters relating to border crime and criminals with the Police in British India and worked out plans for detection and prevention of crimes.

55. The patrol at Sonamura worked satisfactorily with the
Patrol. Kotowalli Police, Comilla, throughout the year.
56. The expenditure amounted, excluding grain allowance, to
Expenditure. Rs. 68,377 against Rs. 66,288 in the previous year.

IV. Justice.

57. There were 15 Courts of Justice in the State during the
Courts. year under report, exercising both civil and criminal jurisdiction viz.—the Khas Adalat or the Chief Court with its original and appellate sides and 14 Courts of Magistrate-Munsiffs exercising original jurisdiction only.

58. Babu Bhupal Chandra Ganguly, B. L., continued to be the Chief Judge, Dewan Bijoy Kumar Sen, M. A., B. L., F. R. S. A., as the Sessions Judge, and Kumar Surendra Chandra Deb Barman and Uzir Brojo Krishna Deb Barman, as puisne Judges of the Khas Adalat. Dewan Asit Chandra Chaudhury, B. A., worked as additional Sessions Judge for some time, Dewan Bijoy Kumar Sen having acted as Chief Judge in place of Babu Bhupal Chandra Ganguli during his absence on privilege leave towards the first part of the year.

59. Altogether 2,200 original criminal cases were instituted
Number of original criminal cases. during the year under report against 2,292 of the previous year. With the balance of 653 pending from the last year, the total number of cases for disposal before the several subordinate original courts was thus 2,853 as against 2,906 of the previous year, as detailed below; out of these 2,853 cases, 2,270 were disposed of as against 2,253 of the last year, leaving 577 cases pending at the close of the year. Thus in the year under report, the number of cases for disposal decreased from that of the previous year by 53 and there was an increase in the disposals by 23.

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.	1935 T.E.	1936 T.E.
Offences against the State and public tranquillity	98	98
Offences against person	649	638
Offences against property	1,623	1,563
Other offences	536	554
TOTAL	2,906	2,853

60. Extradition warrants were applied for against 77 persons
Extradition. of whom 30 were arrested and surrendered, 27 appeared voluntarily and 20 were at large at the close of the year. Of 57 persons under trial, 17 were convicted, 17 acquitted or discharged and 23 were awaiting trial at the end of the year.

61. The total number of persons awaiting trial in the year under
Persons brought to trial. report inclusive of the number pending from the last year was 3,617 against 3,608 of the previous year. The number actually brought to trial was 2,743. Of these 633 were

arrested by the Police, 493 were produced on warrants, 1,190 appeared on summons, 389 appeared voluntarily, and 38 were arrested in the presence of Magistrates.

62. Out of these 3,617 persons brought to trial, 1,236 were discharged without trial, 1,018 were acquitted and 487 convicted, while 8 died, 22 were transferred and

Results of cases.

846 remained under trial at the close of the year. Of the persons convicted, 167 were sentenced to various terms of imprisonment extending from below 1 month to 10 years, 309 to fine only, 5 persons were warned for the future and 5 persons released on bail, while 1 person was imprisoned for life. The number of persons actually tried was 1,505 as against 1,545 of the previous year, and the percentage of conviction was thus 32.35 as against 29.32 of the previous year.

63. Of the 2,853 cases for disposal, the number in which British subjects were concerned was 507 as against 619 of the previous year. Out of these cases 340 were cognizable and 167 non-cognizable. In 78 cases British subjects were complainants, in 429 they were the accused. In 179 cases both the parties were British subjects. In these cases 647 persons were actually under trial during the year under report as against 749 of the last year. Of them 151 were convicted, 375 acquitted or discharged, and 118 remained under trial at the close of the year.

64. The statement below compares the number of original criminal cases during the last 2 years.

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.	1335 T.E.	1336 T.E.	Increase.	Decrease.
Offences against the State and public tranquillity ...	68	69	1	0
Offences against person	544	509	0	35
Offences against property	1,264	1,164	0	110
Other offences	416	468	52	0
TOTAL .. .	2,292	2,200	53	145

Decreased by 93.

65. 21 cases, including 3 cases with 11 persons pending from previous year, were committed to the Sessions during the year under report. Out of these 21 cases 16

Sessions cases.

were disposed of as detailed in the following table. The number of persons involved in these cases was 68; of them 29 were convicted, 4 discharged without trial, 22 acquitted, while 1 died during trial and 12 remained under trial at the close of the year.

Description of cases.	Number of cases.	Disposed of.	Pending.	REMARKS.
Murder	3	2	1	
Culpable homicide not amounting to murder	6	5	1	
Rape	1	1	0	
Dacoity	5	3	0	
Bigamy	1	1	0	
Grievous hurt	1	1	0	
Arson	2	1	1	
Forging valuable documents of the Tripura State	2	0	0	
Total	21	16	5	

66. There were altogether 269 criminal appeals against 181 of the last year. They were disposed of as shown below :—

Rejected	...	...	...	26
Judgment affirmed	...	...	...	124
Modified	...	...	...	21
Reversed	...	...	...	63
Further enquiry &c, ordered	...	...	...	10
Proceedings quashed	...	...	...	1
				<hr/>
				245
Pending	...	...	...	24
				<hr/>
Total	...	...	...	269

67. The percentage of judgments affirmed and modified was 66·21 as against 63·043 of the previous year.

68. The number of original civil suits instituted during the year under report was 2,014 against 1,957 of the previous year. With the preceding year's balance of 1,097 suits, the total number for disposal was 3,111 as against 3,031 of the last year. They were disposed of as follows :—

Ex parte	...	...	...	836
Admitted and compromised	...	...	...	354
Dismissed for want of prosecution	...	...	...	316
Disposed of on contest	...	...	...	615
				<hr/>
				2,121
Pending	...	...	...	990
				<hr/>
Total	...	...	...	3,111

69. The average duration of suits before the civil courts was 3 months and 12 days against 3 months and 1 day in 1335 T. E.

70. The total value of suits instituted during the year was Rs. 2,76,546-15-3 as against Rs. 1,84,783-1-6 which gives an average of Rs. 107-8-3 as the value per case. Of the 2,014 suits instituted during the year under report, 748 related to lands, 854 to money transactions and 412 to other transactions. There were 1,168 suits of the value of Rs. 100 and under ; 439 suits of over Rs. 100 and below Rs. 500 ; 24 suits of over Rs. 500 and below Rs. 1,000 ; 25 suits of over Rs. 1,000 and below Rs. 5,000 ; 4 suits of over Rs. 5,000 ; while 354 suits were not estimable in money value.

71. The number of applications for the execution of decrees filed during the year under report was 591 and with 402 pending cases, the total number was 993 against 1,055 of the previous year. The aggregate value of the new applications was Rs. 73,546-12-0 and with the opening value of Rs. 1,03,300-14-3, being the value of the pending cases, the total amounted to Rs. 1,76,847-10-3. The number of applications disposed of was 649, the value of which was Rs. 79,150-15-9. The number of execution cases pending at the close of the year was 344 with the value of Rs. 97,696-10-6.

72. There were 169 civil appeals filed during the year under report against 163 of the last year. With the past year's balance of 65, the total number for disposal was 234 as against 224 of 1335 T. E. Out of these 188 were disposed of during the year under report against 150 of the previous year, leaving a balance of 46 cases at the close of the year.

73. The following figures indicate the results of appeals :—

Decisions confirmed	...	...	...	80
„ reversed	...	...	...	48
„ modified	...	...	...	8
„ remanded	...	...	...	24
Compromised or otherwise disposed of	...	...	...	28
				<hr/> 188

74. The percentage of judgments wholly or partly upheld excluding the cases compromised, was 55 against 51.063 of the previous year.

75. The total value of appeals filed during the year under report was Rs. 20,070-1-6 and the average duration of each appeal was 2 months and 1 day against 2 months and 2 days of the last year.

76. 34 civil suits were instituted in the Khas Adalat Original Side against 26 of the previous year. With the balance of 31 suits from 1335 T. E., the total number for disposal was thus 65 against 75 of the last year ; of these 29 suits were disposed of against 44 suits of the previous year and 36 suits remained pending at the close of the year. And there were 26 execution cases during the year under report including 21 cases pending from 1335 T. E. ; of these 12 were disposed of and 14 remained pending at the end of the year. There were 25 applications filed for the grant of succession and other certificates during the year, with the previous year's balance of 15, the total number of cases was 40 ; out of them 33 were disposed of as shown below, leaving 7 cases pending at the close of the year.

Description of cases.					Total.	Disposed of.	Pending.
Probate case	...	...	...	...	4	4	0
Succession certificate	...	...	...	...	14	8	6
Guardianship	...	...	...	...	22	21	1
Total	...	...	...	...	40	33	7

77. Thus it will appear from the subjoined table, that the total number of civil and criminal appeals inclusive of the number pending from last year was 503 as against 405 of the previous year, and out of these 433 were disposed of against

397 of the previous year. So in comparison with the last year, the total number of appeals increased by 98 in the present year and there was a corresponding increase in the disposals in the year under report by 126.

Description of appeals.	Number of appeals.		Disposed of.	
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.
Civil	224	234	159	188
Criminal	181	209	148	245
Total	405	503	307	433

V. Prisons.

78. There were 8 jails in the State during the year under review, one at each of the Divisions and Sub-Divisions, including the Central Jail at the Capital.

79. The total population during the year was 718 as against 612 in the year before, the daily average being 116.00 87.17, which shows a decided increase in the year under report. Of the above, 324 were convicts, 382 under trials, 7 civil prisoners and 5 lunatics.

80. A statement with details about 69 prisoners sentenced to over 2 years, as against 56 in the preceding year is subjoined.

Class of offence.	Number of prisoners.	Occupation.	REMARKS.
Murder	10	They were employed in oilmills, wheat grinding, soorki pounding, <i>khoa</i> breaking, bamboo and cane work, gardening, weaving, sewing, paddy husking, rice manufacturing &c.	
Culpable homicide not amounting to murder	24		
Dacoity	16		
Robbery	3		
Theft	4		
Grievous hurt	3		
Rape	2		
Uttering counterfeit coin	1		
Counterfeiting coin	4		
Forgery and Conspiracy	2		
Total	69		

81. The Jail health was on the whole good. One convict died of Chronic Diarrhoea and another of Meningitis. One under trial died of Chronic Malarial Fever and another of Pneumonia. In the previous year there was only one death.

With the increase in the population, rise in the rate of mortality is inevitable, though the necessity for a suitable and properly equipped hospital in connection with the Jail has to be considered.

82. One convict from the Central Jail, one convict from the Dharmanagar Jail, one under trial from the Sabroom Jail and one under trial from the Kailashahar Jail effected their escapes. The convict of Dharmanagar Jail was re-arrested on the very day of escape.

83. The total income and expenditure from the jails were Rs. 4,546-10-9 and Rs. 15,824 respectively as against Rs. 3,350 and Rs. 13,633 of the previous year.

84. The extension of the Jail enclosure, the construction of another big Dormitory for the male population and of a separate female ward, as also other necessary improvements—both sanitary and accommodative are in contemplation in view of the growing number of the population.

VI. Registration.

85. The charge of the Department continued with Dewan A. C. Chaudhuri except during his leave, once in August and again in January-February, when Mr. S. C. Deb Barman, M. A., (Harvard), Babu B. K. Chatterjee, M.A., B.L., and Babu J. C. Maulik temporarily officiated in his place.

86. The number of Registration offices was 9 as in the previous year being one at the head-quarters Station of each of the Divisions or Sub-Divisions. In the Muffussil the Divisional and Sub-Divisional Officers and in certain divisions under the new Circular the Second officers acted as Registrars. For the Sadar Division there was a separate Registrar at Agartala.

87. Appendices XV. and XVI. are Registration Statements and shew the work of the Department.

88. The number of documents presented for Registration during the year in the 9 offices mentioned above was 12,896 against 13,265 in the previous year. Of this number 156 deeds were refused registration on different grounds and 72 remained pending at the end of the year.

89. The total value covered by the documents presented amounted to Rs. 22,44,327 as compared with Rs. 22,35,371 in the previous year, while the total value covered by the documents actually registered was Rs. 21,63,613, as against Rs. 21,12,171 in the year before.

90. The number of suits and appeals filed before the Officer-in-charge, Registration Department, in respect of documents, the registration of which had been refused in the Registration offices, was 35 and 4 against 31 and 3 respectively

in the preceding year, and there were only 26 suits pending from the previous year, making a total of 61 suits and 4 appeals. Out of these, 22 suits and 2 appeals were disposed of during the year, leaving 39 suits and 2 appeals pending at the end of the year.

91. The total income of the Department from fees and fines amounted to Rs. 15,988 against Rs. 15,781 and the expenditure to Rs. 4,682 against Rs. 4,336 in the previous year. The net income thus was Rs. 11,306 against Rs. 11,444 in the previous year.

VII. Municipality.

92. As before the Capital Town of Agartala was the only Municipality. Municipality in the State with a population of about 8,000 according to the last Census.

93. Municipal Administration of the Capital Town of Agartala was carried on by a Committee of nine members including an Official Chairman and a Non-official Vice-Chairman. Babu Brojendra Kumar Chatterjee, M. A., B. L., Officer-in-charge, Revenue Department of the State continued to be the Chairman.

94. The Committee held 14 fourteen meetings—the average of attendance being 5·5 as against 4·9 of the previous year.

95. The total demand of Municipal and Latrine taxes including arrears amounted to Rs. 7,358 of which Rs. 709-5 was written off as uncollectible. The total collection under the head of these taxes came up to Rs. 3,685-11-9 against Rs. 3,399 of the previous year.

96. The income under the Miscellaneous head amounted to Rs. 1,349-8-3 as against Rs. 2,053 of the previous year. This figure includes deposits and advances recovered during the year amounting to Rs. 202.

97. The State grant for the year including a special provision of Rs. 700 for epidemic diseases was Rs. 10,000,—out of which Rs. 9,706 was spent and the remainder lapsed to the State. The total income of the Municipality under all heads including the State grant actually received during the year thus amounted to Rs. 14,702-7-9 as against Rs. 14,452 of the previous year.

98. The total expenditure during the year under review including Rs. 198-8 in deposits repaid and advances amounted to Rs. 15,167-15-6 against Rs. 14,117 of the previous year.

99. The general health of the people within the Municipality was good, though there were some cases of Cholera, Kala-azar and Small-pox. There was a decided fall in the number of Malaria and Kala-azar cases.

100. The want of good drinking water and proper drainage continues to be keenly felt. During the year under review a special Committee with Dewan B. K. Sen, Chief Secretary, as President was appointed for sanitary improvement of the Town and the Chairman of the Municipality was a member of the Committee. The other members were Dr. M. M. Majumder, State Physician, Thakur H. R. Dev Barman, Sadar Collector and Babu J. N. Bhaduri, State Engineer. The entire town was divided into 5 blocks and a gang of coolies worked in each block under a member of the Committee and undertook clearance of drains, jungles and tanks. The work produced very excellent result but the question of supplying good drinking water to the town population was not taken up by the Committee.

101. As in the previous year the control of the Town Bazar remained in the hands of the Municipal Committee. The total demand including the arrear demand of Rs. 660-12-3 was Rs. 6,829-9-3. The total realisation came up to Rs. 5,815-11-3 and the total expenditure from the Bazar Fund amounted to Rs. 11,950.

102. The unfinished portion of the north block of the Bazar Building was completed in the year under report. The accumulated fund of Rs. 9,538-2-6 on the Bazar account standing as balance at the close of the year will be spent on the proposed central shed in the Bazar yard.

CHAPTER IV—PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

I. Weather and Crops—Agriculture.

103. The average rainfall of the year was 110·04 inches against 108·28 inches in the previous year. The quinquennial average was 93·92 inches. Dharmanagar Division had the maximum fall of 128·83 inches and Sadar the minimum of 66·05. Heavy rainfall during Poush in places injured standing crops and untimely and insufficient rainfall was unfavourable to *joom* crops.

104. The principal crops were paddy, cotton, *til*, mustard, jute and sugar-cane. Potatoes, tobacco, chillies and pulses of various types were also grown in some parts of the State.

Rat pest in *jooms* damaged *joom* paddy to a considerable extent. The outturn of *Aus* and Poush paddy was not satisfactory.

105. The tea industry showed appreciable progress and the tea produced in the State fetched good prices. As many as 35 gardens showed marked improvement. 8,20,615 lbs. of manufactured tea was exported from the State during the year.

106. The health of cattle was not bad on the whole. There were rinderpest cases in Sonamura and Udaipur; foot and mouth disease prevailed to some extent in Sadar. The Veterinary Assistant toured in Mofussil for 91 days.

2,126 heads of cattle were treated for various diseases during the year.

107. The people are mostly agricultural. Unequal distribution of rainfall during the flowering time of paddy and rat pest in *jooms* made havoc to crops resulting in the scarcity of food amongst hill population. Other crops such as mustard, jute, potatoes and chillies yielded normal outturn. Cleaned cotton sold at Rs. 10 to Rs. 50 per maund. The production of jute increased but the market was more or less dull.

108. The prices of food grains were similar to those in the neighbouring British districts, Rice sold from Rs. 6 to Rs. 10 and paddy from Rs. 2-12 to Rs. 5 per maund. The maximum price of rice in the previous year was Rs. 9.

109. Male labourers earned from 8 annas to Re. 1-8 and female labourers from 4 annas to Re. 1 a day. *Ghoramis* earned from 12 annas to Re. 1-4 and carpenters and masons from Re. 1 to Re. 1-8. Most of the labourers were outsiders from the neighbouring British Districts as well as up country coolies.

Taccavi. No Taccavi advances were issued during the year.

110. Scarcity of food prevailed amongst hill population during the latter half of the year under review. There was partial failure of paddy crop in *jooms* owing to unfavourable rains coupled with the presence of rats in extraordinary number before harvesting. Similar damage of *joom* paddy by rats has happened previously and warned by experience the Revenue Department took prompt steps to prohibit export of rice and paddy from the affected areas and induced some local rice dealers to hold stocks of paddy and rice in the interior. The pinch was much felt in Kailashahar Division where Rangoon rice had to be sent at the end of the year to the interior for gratuitous relief and for loan distribution. In Sadar and Udaipur Divisions money loans were distributed to the needy. Two special Relief officers were employed and they were assisted by the local officers and men. The State Medical Department invited a band of workers from Comilla Abhoy Asram to render medical aid to the sufferers in the interior of the Kailashahar Division where the people were panic-stricken owing to outbreak of cholera in more or less epidemic form. Rs. 13,000 was provided and spent in conducting famine relief operations during the year under review. Relief measures continued and with the exception of Sonamura the hill population of all the Divisions had to be helped by the State in the current year.

111. The staff of the Department continued to be the same as it was during the last year.

112. Propaganda work was throughout the year conducted in Sadar Division only and the following were undertaken :—

1. Introduction of better quality cotton in *joom* and also on the plains with plough.

2. Introduction of early superior quality paddy in *jooms* as well as an improved variety of *Aman* in the plains.

3. Extension of superior quality of jute, tobacco, sugarcane and potato crops both in highlands and plains.

4. Circuit lectures against nomadic jooming and in favour of plough cultivation.

5. Preservation of manure and use of selected seeds.

6. Introduction of Eri-rearing among the people.

113. The Department took up towards the end of the year some improved cotton varieties for experiment in jooms the result of which is awaited with interest.

114. 5 centres in Sadar Division were opened for distribution of seeds. Stocks of improved variety of cotton seeds, *Kataktara* and *Indrasail* paddies, *Tana* sugarcane and improved jute seeds were sold out, signifying a keen anxiety on the part of the people to have departmental seeds.

115. The utilization of the Kashipur Farm for seed growing purpose has met with success as almost all the departmental seeds which have been distributed were grown there and this little farm was rendering every assistance towards the introduction of various crops under demonstration by the Department.

116. Of the other crops it may be mentioned that roseum improved variety of cotton has been found to be very highly productive both under plough and in jooms. The *Joominks* are appreciating its value and the Department is also making useful attempts towards its rapid spread.

117. Experiments have established beyond doubt that almost all the varieties of cotton such as the Buri, American Dharwar and the Comillas could be grown on the plains under plough cultivation.

118. Potato cultivation is spreading in almost every Division on river side lands, though the outturn is not quite up to the mark. This is due to lack of irrigation system. There was less insect trouble with the potato crops during the year under report. The average outturn is on the increase particularly in river valleys, such as the Manu, Gumti, Howrah, Dhalai and Khowai.

119. Eri culture is having its demonstrations in some centres of Sadar Division.

120. The Department was highly honoured by an invitation to participate in the Bengal Presidency Agricultural Exhibition at Dacca, held on 4th January, 1927, in connection with the visit of the Royal Commission of Agriculture.

121. A separate stall of exhibits was assigned for the State produce and styled the Tripura State Stall. The principal agricultural products of the State were exhibited in it.

122. The President, Lord Lingsithgow with all the members of the Commission honoured the stall with a visit and displayed keen interest in the exhibits.

123. The stall was also visited by the Minister of Agriculture, the Director of Agriculture, Mr. Finlow and the Divisional Commissioner.

124. An assistant teacher of the local school, an amateur Agri-
 culturist has been going on for some time with
 Bee rearing.] experiments on *Apis Indica*, (Indian bee) the only
 domesticable race of bees in India. In the year under report this
 gentleman was allowed a lump grant of Rs. 200 from the Agriculture
 Department to encourage him to pursue his researches in this direction.
 At present very little information can be obtained about bees that may
 be reared with economic success in India. *Apis Indica* being a little
 different in habits and size from the successful European or American
 bees, the appliances and the methods of rearing, that obtain in other
 countries, have to be remodelled. It is hoped that the experiment in
 the State will be productive of good results.

125. The Superintendent was out on tour for 56 days during
 Touring of staff. the year.

II. Immigration and Emigration.

126. During the year 1,052 families immigrated into and 506
 families emigrated out of the State, as against 1,347 and 760 respectively
 in the previous year.

III. Forests.

127. Rai J. C. Sen Bahadur, Vice-President of the Council of
 Administration was in charge of the Department
 Charge and Management. till the 21st of Aswin. During his absence on leave
 in the latter half of the year, the charge of the Department
 remained with Babu J. C. Maulick and also for some time with
 Babu Jatindra Nath Mitter, Forest Officer. With the exception of
 a few *Mehals* which were let out in *Ijara*, all the forests were under
Khash management as before.

128. The Department had a staff of 4 Forest Circle Inspectors,
 Staff. 19 Foresters, 12 Rangers, 15 Assistant Foresters,
 11 Moharers, 17 Head Guards and 197 Guards and
 Literate Guards. Besides these, there were 185 Commission Agents
 for the sale of Forest Permits, for the shoulder-borne export of minor
 forest produce not coming under any definite *Mahal*. There were
 58 Stations for collection of duty and prevention of forest offences.

129. The reserved *Sol* forests of the Sonamura Division were
 continued to be worked under the system of Coppice
 Working, with standards and those of the Udaipur Division
 under the Improvement Method (Selection system), while the open

unclassified forests were worked under the State Rules of 1323 T. E. For the Feni River *Mehal*, the working rules of the Bengal Forest Department were followed.

130. The two coupes already selected in the Sonamura Division were marked and sold during the year under report and four more blocks in this Division were selected for work. As the marking operations were undertaken towards the close of the year, the sale of the coupes could not be held within the year under report. The two blocks selected in the Udaipur Division to be worked under Improvement Felling System were not sold as re-marking in the blocks became necessary. The block in the Langai Valley could not be worked during the year for want of purchasers as there were some difficulties in regard to the removal of timber.

131. The following table shews the result of collection of Forest Sources of revenue. revenue :—

Heads of Revenue.	1336 T.E.	1335 T.E.	Increase.	Decrease.	REMARKS.
I. Unclassed open forests :—					
(a) Toll on forest produce exported by the river mehals	4,08,970	3,89,487	19,483	—	
(b) Toll on forest produce exported by land route under permit	84,365	83,072	1,293	—	
(c) Toll collection (share) of the Feni river mehal ...	29,146	31,604	—	2,458	
(d) Grazing mehal ...	7,339	6,896	443	—	
(e) Thatching grass mehal	9,029	10,342	—	1,313	
II. Reserved Forests :—					
Sale of <i>Sal</i> and <i>Garjan</i> trees ...	15,289	14,199	1,090	—	
III. Elephant Kheddass	42	1,702	—	1,660	
TOTAL ...	5,54,180	5,37,302	22,309	5,431	

Net increase—16,878.

132. The total forest revenue of the year was Rs. 5,54,180 against Rs. 5,37,302 in the previous year, showing an increase of Rs. 16,878.

Receipts.

133. An appreciable rise of revenue is noticeable in the river *Mehals* and a fall in the elephant *khedda* operations.

134. During the year under report *khedda* operations were undertaken in the Udaipur Division only, with the result that 16 elephants were caught against one in the previous year. The proceeds from the sale of the elephants caught

Khedda operations.

amounted to Rs. 6,798. But owing to the State having purchased three elephants the accounts could not be adjusted for want of allotment during the year under review.

135. On the recommendations made by a Conference held in September, 1926, under the presidency of the *Feni River Mahal.* Commissioner of Chittagong Division, the Government of Bengal approved of the continuance of the joint Toll Station at Amlighat under the management of the State Forest Department, till the 31st March, 1927. The question of the future management was under correspondence with the Government of Bengal, and the Joint Toll Station continued to be under the management of the State Forest Department. The total revenue collected at the joint Toll Station in the year under review was Rs. 43,845 against Rs. 47,404 in the previous year. This decrease is due to shortage in export during the year as compared with that of the previous year.

136. In the year under report, the forest produce of the *Fee Simple Lots.* 14 as. 7½ p. share of the Lot No. 98 was taken in *Ijara* as in the last year, through the Station Officer of the Amlighat Toll Station on behalf of the Government and the State. Forest produce from other Fee Simple Lots was exported without trouble between the Station Staff and the Lot-owners.

137. During the year under review there were 122 Forest cases against 337 persons of which 95 cases against *Forest Offences.* 270 persons were instituted during the year, while 27 cases against 67 persons were pending from the previous year. The offences were mainly for illicit export of forest produce without permits and without payment of duty. The robbery case noticed in the last year's report terminated in the conviction of the accused in the Sessions Court.

138. Altogether 138 persons in 72 cases were convicted, of whom 9 were sentenced to imprisonment and 129 *Results.* were punished with fine only. 87 persons in 22 cases were acquitted, 3 cases against 8 persons were compounded and 25 cases against 104 persons remained pending at the close of the year.

139. In the year no reward was awarded. One Ranger was degraded and two Guards punished with fine for *Rewards and Punishments.* irregularities and offences.

140. The health of the Staff in general was normal. There were many cases of fever, and one of the Foresters, *Health of the Staff.* Birlal Deb Barman, a young and energetic subordinate fell a victim to Malaria.

141. Some difficulties were still experienced in connection with the export of forest produce from the State into the *General.* Sylhet District, specially in regard to the delivery of the drift logs belonging to the State and the check exercised by the Assam Forest Department on State forest produce in transit. Correspondence on the subject was in progress between the State and the Assam Government. An early settlement of the matter is expected.

IV. Trade and Manufacture.

142. The principal exports were timber, forest produce of various kinds, cotton, oilseeds, (*til* and mustard seed) paddy, jute, rice and *Gur* (molassess). A small quantity of tea and some homespun cotton fabrics manufactured by the hill people, specially the Manipuries, were also exported. The principal exports for the year under review and of the previous year are shown below :—

	1335 T. E.	1336 T. E.
Cotton ...	85,321 maunds.	67,327 maunds.
<i>Til</i> ...	36,853 "	35,621 "
Mustard Seeds...	34,847 "	23,802 "
Jute ...	92,955 "	1,56,120 "

143. 3,38,272 lb., 5,60,568 lb., and 8,20,615 lb., of tea were exported in 1924, 1925, and 1926 respectively from the gardens in this State.

144. The principal imports were cloths and yarns, salt, oils (*kerosine* and mustard), pulses, chillies, tobacco, sugar, flour, spices, arecanuts, books and stationary. The industries worth mention were manufacture of cotton fabrics by the hill people and the Manipuries ; cane and bamboo baskets, mats and sieves by Tripuras ; and dug-outs, bowls and plates of wood by the Reangs and Chakmas ; also *Gur* (molassess) by both hill people and Bengalees.

V. Public Works.

145. Maharajkumar B. K. Dev Barman Bahadur, Member of the Council of Administration was in charge of the Department during the year. Mr. J. N. Bhaduri, B. A, B. E., continued as State Engineer.

146. The expenditure under Public Works was Rs. 2,81,015 against Rs. 2,33,711 in the previous year. Of this Expenditure. Rs. 1,64,945 was spent on Buildings, Rs. 76,176 on Roads and Bridges, Rs. 9,271 on Water Supply and Rs. 5,844 on Miscellaneous Works.

147. The Bishalgarh-Udaypur Road was completed during the year under report, but the Stone metalling of the D. B. Portion of the Agartala-Akhaura Road could not be finished for want of stones which the A. B. Railway had undertaken to supply but failed to do so.

148. The following Buildings were completed with corrugated iron roofing during the year under report :—

1. Two Structures in H. H.'s Andar.
2. Godown at Sadar Jail.
3. Kumar Rajani Mohan Dev Barman's House.
4. Record Room for Sadar Collectorate.
6. Artisan School.
6. Sonamura H. E. School.
7. Jatrapur Range Office in Sonamura.
8. Beerganj Tehesil Office in Amarpur.
9. Ampi Tehesil Office in Amarpur.

10. Nalna Tehesil Office in Amarpur.
11. Bilania Tehesil Office at Bilania.
12. Forest Office at Khowai.
13. Ragna Forest Office in Dbarmanagar.

CHAPTER V—REVENUE AND FINANCES.

I. Revenue.

149. The total collection in the year was Rs. 18,50,807 against Rs. 17,53,961 in the previous year.

150. The details of the income under different heads with all variations are given in the Statement below :—

Serial number.	HEADS OF REVENUE.	1336 T.E.	1335 T.E.	AS COMPARED WITH 1335 T.E.		REMARKS.
				Increase.	Decrease.	
1	Land Revenue	6,18,210	5,89,635	28,575	—	
2	Rents of markets	7,223	6,852	371	—	
3	Family Tax in the hills	84,595	63,118	—	8,523	
4	Toll on forest produce	4,92,335	4,72,559	20,776	—	
5	Do. Do. on the Feni River	29,146	31,604	—	2,458	
6	Elephant & buffalo grazing Mehal	7,339	6,896	443	—	
7	Thatching grass Mehal	8,029	10,342	—	1,313	
8	Reserved Sa/ trees	15,289	14,199	1,090	—	
9	Tax on cotton and oil-seeds	2,15,061	2,14,808	3,243	—	
10	Royalty on elephants caught	42	1,702	—	1,660	
11	Adda Mehal	23,063	21,089	1,974	—	
12	Excise	79,354	60,563	18,791	—	
13	Stamps and Court-fees	87,137	84,490	2,647	—	
14	Law and Justice (Fines)	4,162	3,422	740	—	
15	Process fees	15,905	13,729	2,176	—	
16	Registration	15,988	15,781	207	—	
17	Jail	4,739	3,350	1,389	—	
18	Cattle pounds	6,083	5,869	214	—	
19	Nazars	52,490	47,489	5,001	—	
20	Agriculture	511	570	—	59	
21	Education	6,810	7,906	—	1,096	
22	Miscellaneous	1,02,306	77,988	24,318	—	
	TOTAL	18,50,807	17,53,961	1,11,955	15,109	Net increase— Rs 96,846

151. There was thus a total increase of Rs. 1,11,955 in respect of 16 heads of revenue against a total decrease of Rs. 15,109 in regard to 6 heads. The increase under the head land revenue is due to the realisation of arrear revenue of several Tea Estates and to better collection. The increase under the head of Forest produce is satisfactory. The increase under Excise head is due to resettlement at higher jama.

152. The decrease in Family tax is due to scarcity in the hills owing to failure of joom crops as the result of rat pest and unfavourable rainfall.

II. Finances.

153. A consolidated abstract account showing the financial transactions of the State and the attached Zemindaries is given below :—

Receipts.	1335 T.B.	1336 T.B.	Expenditure.	1335 T.B.	1336 T.B.
1. Opening balance :—			1. General Administration charges :—		
(1) State	8,24,594	8,11,124	(a) State	4,89,890	4,78,963
(2) Zemindaries ...	3,16,589	3,77,146	(b) Zemindaries :—		
Total ...	9,41,183	9,88,270	1. Cost of management	1,41,274	1,44,408
			2. Cost of litigation	1,29,224	1,01,347
			Total ...	7,60,388	7,24,718
			2. Revenue and Taxes on account of the Zemindaries	2,67,026	2,68,970
			3. Public Works :—		
			(a) State	2,41,108	2,30,156
			(b) Zemindaries	54,464	82,616
			Total ...	2,95,572	3,72,772
			4. Municipality :—		
			(a) State	9,000	9,706
2. Income :—			5. Education :—		
(1) State	17,59,321	18,59,281	(a) State	1,08,370	1,16,474
(2) Zemindaries ...	12,11,339	11,12,526	(b) Zemindaries	10,229	11,029
Total ...	29,70,660	29,70,807	Total ...	1,18,599	1,27,503
			6. Medical and Sanitation :—		
			(a) State	68,288	71,740
			(b) Zemindaries	10,615	11,698
			Total ...	78,903	83,438
			7. Survey and Settlement :—		
			(a) State	17,152	15,850
			(b) Zemindaries	783	809
			Total ...	17,935	16,659
3. Law charges recovered :—			8. Agriculture :—State	4,779	5,479
(1) State	—	—	9. Religious Expenses :—		
(2) Zemindaries ...	57,133	52,026	(a) State	66,467	65,358
			(b) Zemindaries	6,058	6,122
			Total ...	72,525	71,480
			10. Sultanat :—		
			(a) State	40,645	79,106
4. Refunds and compensation for lands acquired :—			11. Purchase of Landed Tenures :—		
(1) State	—	—	(a) State	85,850	1,896
(2) Zemindaries ...	1,685	1,404	(b) Zemindaries	128	6,805
			Total ...	85,978	8,701
			12. Pension and Gratuity :—		
			(a) State	27,488	28,429
			(b) Zemindaries	4,927	4,841
			Total ...	32,415	33,261
			13. Ordinary Sanitar charges :—		
			(a) Ordinary expenses on account of His Highness and family including the late Maharaja's family ...	92,774	81,029
			(b) Other branches of the Raj family ...	1,39,442	1,36,515
			(c) Thakurs	30,420	29,240
			(d) Sanitar office establishment ...	7,772	8,471
			(e) Electric Light	25,082	25,137
			(f) Miscellaneous	47,617	39,082
			Total ...	3,33,057	3,35,474
5. Deposits :—			14. Charity and Donation :—		
(1) State	86,764	3,68,535	(a) State	21,892	21,554
(2) Zemindaries ...	5,775	8,815	(b) Zemindaries	1,659	1,549
Total ...	92,539	3,77,350	Total ...	23,551	23,103
			15. Famine Relief—State	—	12,368
			16. His Highness's Nij Tababil (Privy purse) including expenses on journeys	1,12,509	1,26,863
			17. Liabilities liquidated including payment of interest on loans and repayment of deposits :—		
			(a) State	69,275	85,828
			(b) Zemindaries	5,07,859	5,07,649
			Total ...	5,77,134	5,93,677
6. Loans :—			18. Miscellaneous :—		
(1) State	—	—	(a) State	6,162	6,122
(2) Zemindaries ...	—	—	(b) Zemindaries	15,660	15,477
			Total ...	21,822	21,599
			19. Marriage—State	3,16,900	18,504
			20. Advances	6,906	6,840
			21. Closing Balance :—		
			(a) State		
			In cash and Bank Deposit ...	3,96,594	8,35,130
			In bonds and advances ...	2,14,530	2,11,889
			Total ...	6,11,124	10,47,019
			(b) Zemindaries :—		
			In cash and Bank Deposit ...	2,56,691	3,24,852
			In bonds and advances ...	1,20,466	1,47,765
			Total ...	3,77,146	4,72,617
GRAND TOTAL ...	40,63,300	43,69,857	GRAND TOTAL ...	40,63,300	43,69,857

154. It will be seen that the total receipts from all sources including deposits and law charges recovered, amounted to Rs. 34,61,587 against Rs. 31,22,017 in the previous year. The above figure includes a deposit of Rs. 2,60,000 from Their Highnesses the Maharanees, for which an equivalent amount was subsequently held in the Central Bank as fixed deposit. With the opening balance of Rs. 9,88,270, the total sum available for expenditure excluding the deposit money of the Maharanees, was Rs. 41,29,857 as against Rs. 40,63,200 in the preceding year.

155. The total expenditure during the year amounted to Rs. 29,70,221 against Rs. 30,74,930 in the previous year, the decrease being mainly due to absence of certain abnormal items of expenditure, which had to be incurred in the previous year in connection with the marriages in the Raj family and the purchase of properties. The closing balance at the end of the year came up to Rs. 14,19,636 against Rs. 9,88,270. Of this balance Rs. 6,31,238 was in cash in the Treasuries, Rs. 4,28,744 in the Imperial Bank and Rs. 3,59,654 in loans and advances.

156. It will be seen that even with the adjustment during the year of a sum of Rs. 29,862 on account of old advances, the balance for loans and advances increased by Rs. 24,659 which was due to certain current advances remaining unadjusted during the year and also to the investment of Rs. 20,000 in the Comilla Raj Central Bank.

157. The noticeable variations in expenditure are explained below :—

i. ADMINISTRATION CHARGES :—

STATE—The non-payment of leave salary as well as leave and pension contribution of the Vice-President, who was absent on leave for five months during the year, mainly contributed to the decrease under this head.

ZEMINDARIES—The increase under cost of management was due to usual time scale increments, reward for improved collection, and creation of new posts. The institution of a smaller number of rent suits accounted for the decrease under the cost of litigation.

ii. PUBLIC WORKS :—

The increase was due to larger payments made on several expensive Road and Building works in the State and the Zemindaries.

iii. MUNICIPALITY :—

A special grant made to the Agartala Municipality for the prevention of Epidemic diseases increased the expenditure under this head.

iv. EDUCATION :—

The increase in the State was mainly due to the establishment of a Kumar Boarding at Comilla and also to certain unusual payments made for the educational expenses two Kumars at Raipur.

v. MEDICAL AND SANITATION :—

In the State the increase was mainly due to the special provision made for the Sanitary improvement of the Agartala Town. While

in the Zemindaries the time scale increment and extra cost of medicines for dispensaries accounted for the increase.

vi. SURVEY AND SETTLEMENT :—

STATE—The decrease was partly due to the post of the Settlement Officer remaining vacant for the greater part of the year, and partly to non-payment of certain bills during the year.

vii. SULTANAT :—

The expenditure incurred for the improvement of the Dais in the Durbar Hall and the purchase of certain Motor Cars accounted for the increase under this head.

viii. PURCHASE OF LANDED PROPERTY :—

The decrease in the State was attributable to the extraordinary payment made in the previous year for the purchase of Mr. Courjon's property at Comilla, while the increase in the Zemindaries was due to the price paid for an under-tenure required for the new market at Comilla.

ix. ORDINARY SANSAK CHARGES :—

The increase was mainly under the sub-head miscellaneous, which included among others the following unusual expenditure :—

(a) Payment of outstanding bills relating to the marriage expenses incurred in the previous year.

(b) Price of an elephant previously purchased.

(c) Heavy expenditure incurred for the treatment of His Highness's sister who was seriously ill.

(d) Cost of performance of certain social and religious rites.

x. FAMINE RELIEF :—

STATE—Owing to the scarcity of food stuff in the hills, a sum of Rs. 12,368 was spent for the relief of the distressed subjects.

xi. NIJ TAHABIL :—

Increased tour expenses, payment of Col. Pulley's passage money, adjustment on a more extensive scale of old advances are mainly the factors which contributed to the increase under this head.

xii. MARRIAGES :—

The expenditure of Rs. 18,504 represents liabilities incurred in the previous year but not paid for want of allotment.

xiii. LIABILITIES :—

As mentioned in the previous report, a sum of Rs. 5,09,183 remained unadjusted at the close of the year 1335 T. E. During the year under report, this amount was paid up with interest thereon except an item of Rs. 13,000 ; the claimant for which did not turn up.

158. Two separate statements comparing the receipts and expenditure of the State and the Zemindaries with the respective Revised Estimates are given in Appendices XXVII and XXVIII.

159. In the State the large difference that has occurred in actual receipts as compared with the Revised Estimate is due to the receipt of Rs. 2,60,000 as deposit from Their Highnesses the Maharanees which was not provided for, in the Estimate. Excluding this abnormal item, the actual receipts exceeded the forecast by Rs. 1,36,816, while the expenditure fell short by Rs. 71,607. These variations effected an

improvement of Rs. 2,08,423 over the estimated closing balance, bringing up the real surplus to Rs. 7,92,019.

160. In the Zemindaries the increase of Rs. 8,494 under the receipts coupled with the reduction of Rs. 52,904 under expenditure, resulted in an increase of Rs. 61,398 in the closing balance.

CHAPTER VI—MEDICAL.

161. During the year under report 18 Dispensaries in all continued to be maintained by the State—the Victoria Memorial Hospital at the Capital included.

162. A comparative statement of the total number of new patients treated in all Dispensaries and their daily average are shewn below.

PATIENTS.	1935 T.E.			1936 T.E.		
	Outdoor.	Indoor.	Total.	Outdoor.	Indoor.	Total.
	1,05,864	423	1,06,287	98,211	427	98,638
Daily average	290·03	1·15	291·18	269·07	1·16	270·23

163. The out-door attendance (new + old) totalled 1,67,383 as against 1,82,016 in the preceding year—the daily average being 458·51 against 497·10.

164. Inclusive of the previous year's balance of 13, the total in-patients numbered 427 as against 423 of the preceding year. Of them, 272 were discharged cured, 119 were relieved or discharged otherwise, 21 died and 15 remained under treatment at the close of the year.

165. Altogether 1,173 operations including 29 major cases were performed as against 1,086 and 16 respectively of the previous year.

166. The total number of new out-patients treated was 11,833 as against 12,068 in the preceding year—the daily average (new + old) being 56·40 against 59·61. The number of in-patients was 400 against 382. Of them, 249 were cured, 115 were either relieved or otherwise discharged, 21 died and 15 remained under treatment at the end of the year. The daily average was 15·58 against 15·15. Rs. 9,337 was expended on this institution during the year under review against Rs. 8,769-7-3—the small increase being due to the grade increments of pay.

167. Altogether 172 Police cases were attended to during the year including 17 Postmortem cases as against 165 and 17 respectively in the previous year.

168. As before, two Kavirajes both posted at the Capital Town, treated 70 patients amongst themselves, during the year under review as against 45 in the preceding year. The expenditure covering their salaries and medicines totalled Rs. 3,892-9-6 against Rs. 3,646-12-6 in the year before.

169. **Dr. Hira Lal Banerjee, H. M. B., State Homœopath** with one Assistant, treated 10,075 patients under this system as against 11,405 in the previous year—the daily average (new + old) being 59·25 against 68·31.

Homœopathic
Department.

Rs. 4,862 was spent in this Department against 5,458-15—the decrease being attributed to the absence of the State Homœopath on sick leave for some months.

170. 7,423 Vaccine operations were successful out of a total of 9,009 as against 6,115 and 6,889 respectively of the

Vaccinations.

previous year. The permanent Small-pox Doctor assisted by two Inspectors inspected the work of the vaccinators. The total expense on this account stood at Rs. 1,236-11-3 against Rs. 1,168-12-9 in the year before.

171. Cholera broke out in a few places making a toll of about

Public Health.

a hundred. Small-pox appeared in rather severe form in some parts in the interior, specially amongst the hill tribes who had hitherto been averse to vaccination and revaccination. So far as could be ascertained, there were 98 deaths out of 537 attacks. The epidemic had the effect of inducing the affected tribes to submit to the vaccination in blocks. The Small-pox doctors treated 346 cases of whom 272 were cured.

172. In addition to the permanent Doctor specially appointed

Kala-azar.

for the treatment of such cases at the Capital, another Doctor had to be temporarily appointed for the neighbouring places. 233 patients were treated during the year under review against 395 in the preceding year. Of them 134 were cured, 79 left treatment, 3 died and 17 remained under treatment at the close of the year. In the Moffussil Dispensaries 118 cases were treated in all. The total expenditure on this account amounted to Rs. 1,032-14-6 as against Rs. 823-13-9 in the previous year.

173. The insanitary condition of the Capital Town necessi-

Sanitation,

tated the expenditure of Rs. 4,998 for clearing the jungles throughout and keeping the drains in good order. This expenditure was fully justified by the fact that both Kala-azar and Malaria went down to an appreciable extent during the year.

174. Dr. M. M. Majumdar, L. M. S., was the Chief Medical Officer and Dr. S. K. Dutt, L. M. S., his Assistant. Besides,

Staff.

a staff of subordinate medical men, a Lady Doctor and several Mid-wives were retained on their respective duties.

175. Dr. M. M. Majumdar toured out for 14 days and inspected

Tour.

5 dispensaries. Dr. S. K. Dutt was also out on tour for 4 days inspecting 2 dispensaries.

176. The total expenditure incurred in the Medical Department

Total Expenditure.

in the year under review amounted to Rs. 70,278 as against Rs. 66,963 in the preceding year.

CHAPTER VII—PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

177. Mr. S. C. Deb Barman, M. A. (Harvard) continued to be in charge of the Education Department.

178. The total number of schools during the year was 143 against 147 in the previous year, and the total numerical strength 6,331 against 5,876, excluding private institutions numbering 10 with 180 pupils on the rolls as against 15 with 390. Some Pathshalas were raised to the status of L. V. Schools, while some were discontinued as they did not work well. The number of Primary Schools thus decreased on the whole.

179. In the year under review there were 5 High English Schools in the State—the Umakanta Academy at Agartala, the Radhakishore Institution at Kailasahar, the Brajendrakishore Institution at Bilania, the Birbikram Institution at Dharmanagar and the High School at Sonamura. All the High English Schools were affiliated to the Calcutta University—the Sonamura School having been permanently recognised during the year. The construction of the building of the Sonamura H. E. School was complete. That of a corrugated iron structure for the Infant classes and also of a tiffin shed, likewise with corrugated iron roof, was on the verge of completion. The number of pupils in these H. E. Schools was 1,429 against 1,414 in the previous year and the average daily attendance stood at 1,033·62 against 1,014·19

180. Agartala, the State Capital, was, as in the previous year, fixed by the Calcutta University as a Centre for the Matriculation Examination for the year 1927. Only the State High English Schools were allowed to send up candidates to this Centre. The Department looked after the convenience of the candidates coming from Muffussil. The examination was conducted under the direct control and supervision of the Member of the Council of Administration in charge of Education.

181. Altogether 55 candidates were sent up for the last Matriculation Examination from the five State High English Schools against 55 in the previous year. Besides these, a teacher from the Dharmanagar B. B. Institution also sat for the Matriculation Examination in this Centre. The details of the result are noted below :—

	No. sent up.	Passed.	1st Division.	2nd Division.	3rd Division.
1. U. K. Academy	14	11	9	2	0
2. R. K. Institution	10	7	6	1	0
3. B. K. Institution	14	9	4	5	0
4. B. B. Institution	11	9	5	4	0
5. Sonamura School	6	5	4	1	0
Total ...	55	41	28	13	0

182. The results were satisfactory considering the general low percentage of successes in the last Matriculation Examination of the Calcutta University. The newly affiliated Sonamura H. E. School deserves every credit in this respect.

183. In the year under review, there were 7 M. E. Schools for boys with 803 pupils on the rolls, against 6 with 646 students in the previous year. The average daily attendance was 608·09 against 474·85.

184. There was only one Higher Vernacular School for boys with 50 students on the rolls as against one with 48 students in the previous year, and an average daily attendance of 40·25 against 38·08.

185. The number of Lower Vernacular Schools for boys was 22 against the same number in the previous year. The total numerical strength was 1,210 against 1,229 and the average daily attendance, 922·13 against 935·77 in the previous year. In some of these schools, boys and girls read together.

186. There were 89 Pathshalas for boys, in the year under report, as against 93 in the previous year. The total numerical strength was 2,344 against 2,030, and the average daily attendance 1,814·02 against 1,583·13 in the previous year.

187. There was one Middle English School for girls, namely the Maharani Tulsibati Girls' School at Agartala, the State Capital. The numerical strength was 85 against 70 and the average daily attendance 70·4 against 56·3 in the previous year. There was a Motor Bus for the conveyance of the girls during the year.

188. There were 9 Pathshalas for girls against the same number in the previous year. The numerical strength of the school was 189 against 192 and the average daily attendance 137·07 against 138·1 in the previous year. In some of these institutions, under the special order of the Education Department, girls were allowed to read the Lower Vernacular and Upper Vernacular Standard. Besides these, in some of the Pathshalas for boys, both boys and girls were taught together.

189. Altogether 405 candidates appeared at the local Scholarship Examinations against 397 in the previous year. Of these, 287 including 24 girls came out successful. 28 students including 1 girl passed the Middle English Examination, 1 student passed the H. V. Examination, 63 including 4 girls passed the L. V. Examination and 195 including 19 girls passed the Pathshala Examination. On the result of the Examinations 17 boys and 6 girls received scholarships varying from Rs. 2 to Rs. 5 per month tenable for two to four years.

190. In the year under review, there were 9 schools for special training, consisting of 3 *Sanskrit Tols*, 5 *Madrassas* and *Maktobs* and one Artizan School, against 3, 6 and 1 respectively in the previous year. The *Sanskrit Tols* had 42 students on the rolls against 39 in the previous year and the average daily attendance was 28·03 against 27·44. The *Rajakiya Sanskrit Bidyalaya* at Agartala sent up 6 candidates for the Government *Sanskrit* Examinations. The *Madrassas* and *Maktobs* had 167 students

on the rolls against 195 in the previous year, and the average daily attendance was 113·87 against 135·99. The Woodburn Artizan School had 12 boys on the rolls against 13 boys, and the average daily attendance was 5·53 against 4·71 in the previous year,

191. The comparative statement below will show the number of Non-Bengalee students receiving education in the several schools of the State :—

Serial number.	Nationality.	NUMBER OF STUDENTS.		Remarks.
		Past year.	Present year.	
1.	Rajkumars	5	8	
2.	Thakurs	179	180	
3.	Manipuris	578	614	
4.	Tripuras	500	583	
5.	Reangs	28	30	
	a. Kukias	12	42	
6.	b. Chakmas	9	12	
	c. Lushais	27	21	
7.	Others... ..	42	47	
	Total	1,380	1,537	

192. The policy of holding Reward Examinations for hill boys was continued and 158 boys appeared at the Examination against 166 boys in the previous year.

193. Two Maharajkumars continued their studies in the Rajkumar College at Raipur in the Central Provinces being placed in charge of a graduate teacher as in the previous year. The result of their examinations and their progress in health were satisfactory. The Maharajkumaris received education as before under a graduate lady teacher and a Pandit.

194. Kumar Bhupendra Chandra Deb Barman has been prosecuting studies in the University Law College.

195. The Rajkumar Boarding Institution was started with 4 Maharajkumars and 4 Kumars at Comilla in June, 1926. All of them were admitted to the Zilla School. The results shown by the inmates at the Annual Examination of the School were very satisfactory. Kumar Nandalal Deb Barman stood 1st. in Class VI. and Maharajkumar Hemanta Kishore Deb Barman stood 2nd. in "all round progress" in the junior classes. A considerable improvement was noticed in the health of the boarders in course of a few months' stay at Comilla. The Kumars were placed in charge of a Graduate Superintending Tutor who in addition to his tutorial work looked after the management of the Boarding. Another private tutor coached some of the Kumars in the morning.

196. In the Day School for the young Kumars there were 6 students on the rolls belonging to the juvenile classes.

197. 8 Thakur boys were awarded stipends from the Education Department and the course of studies prosecuted by each is noted below :—

1. Niranjan Deb Barman—Carmichael Medical College.
2. Joysing Deb Barman—B. L. Class (Calcutta University).
3. Jitendra Chandra Deb Barman—B. Sc. Class.
4. Kamal Krishna Deb Barman—B. A. Class.
5. Nripendra Chandra Deb Barman—I. Sc. Class.
6. Satish Chandra Deb Barman—B. L. Class (Calcutta University).
7. Parendra Chandra Deb Barman—I. A. Class.
8. Suresh Chandra Deb Barman—Government School of Art, Calcutta.

198. There were 35 Boarders in the Thakur Boarding House against the same number in the previous year. The number of Boarders successful in the last Annual Examination was 20. One Boarder sat for the last Matriculation Examination and came out successful being placed in the First Division. The staff consisted of one Guardian Superintendent, one Graduate Resident Tutor, one Assistant Tutor and one Manager and Tutor. The services of Thakur Pradipta Chandra Deb Barman, Military Subedar, who was appointed in the previous year to train the boarders up in Military Drill, were no longer required in the year under report. The daily average attendance of the boarders was 28·01, the decline being mainly due to bad health.

199. In order to attract hill boys to higher education, as an experimental measure, a Boarding House (attached to the U. K. Academy) was opened at Agartala last year accommodating ten hill boys, all of whom got admitted to the School. The boys received free boarding and lodging having a Superintendent Tutor to look after their studies as well as the boarding management. This Institution received encouraging support from leading head men of Tippera villages.

200. There was also another Tippera Boarding House attached to Khowai M. E. School which also received due attention of the Department. The local hill people enthusiastically collected funds to provide this Institution with a permanent house. The Department agreed to sanction all necessary recurring expenditure for this Institution, special grants being made during the year for a cook and a Private Tutor.

201. The following students enjoyed special stipends :—

1. Chandrahas Singha.
2. Prokash Chandra Sutradhar.
3. Babu Chand Singha.
4. Navadwip Chandra Singha.
5. Pulin Behari Acharjya.
6. Radharaman Pandey.
7. Mohendra Kumar Roy.
8. Monoranjan Chakravarty.

202. Mr. S. C. Deb Barman, who is also Ex-Officio Inspector of Schools, visited some Boarding Institutions and Schools of Comilla, Bilania, Sonamura, Kailasahar, Dharmanagar, Sadar and Khowai, the tour, on the whole, comprising 32 days. Dr. W. A. Jenkins, D. Sc., I. E. S., Inspector of Schools, Chittagong Division, also visited all the State H. E. Schools on behalf of the Calcutta University. He was favourably impressed with the general condition of the State Institutions. The Council of Administration takes this opportunity to record its appreciation of the valuable suggestions made by him for further improvement.

203. In the year under review the inspection work of the hill schools suffered a great deal owing to the death of the Sub-Inspector of hill schools. Another Sub-Inspector of hill schools conversant with hill language was, however, appointed in the latter part of the year. The Sub-Inspectors of Schools visited all the schools within their respective jurisdictions. On the whole, their inspection work was satisfactory.

204. At Agartala, the Bir Chandra Library was maintained in two separate sections, (1) The English Library being located at the Ujjayanta Palace and (2) The Vernacular Section at the new building erected in the vicinity of the local H. E. School. The latter Section was open to the public. The number of English books (including foreign literature) was 4,881 against 4,859 in the previous year and the number of Bengali books (including Sanskrit books) was 1,849 against 1,786 in the previous year. In addition to these, there was a moderate collection of valuable manuscripts in the Palace Library. There were 5 Dailies, 1 Quarterlies, 5 Monthlies and 1 Weekly as against 5, 1 and 5 respectively in the previous year. In the year under review the average daily attendance in the Library rooms was 13·7 against 13·25 and the total number of volumes issued to the public was 3,116 against 6,575 in the previous year.

205. The total expenditure incurred in the Education Department in the year under report, amounted to Rs. 1,16,474 against Rs. 1,08,370. Some of the more important details of expenditure are noted below :—

Heads of Expenditure.	Amount.	REMARKS.
	<i>Rs.</i>	
1. Primary Education ...	21,595	The increase is due to general grade increment and the Tripura Boarding House at Sadar.
2. Secondary Education ...	41,146	
3. School for special Training	3,907	
4. Boarding Institution for Thakur boys ...	9,420	
5. Education of Kumars and Kumaris ...	16,658	The increase is due to the Kumar Boarding House being started at Comilla. The increase is due to some special stipends.
6. Scholarships and Stipends	8,284	
7. Library ...	1,814	The decrease is due to the death of the Librarian.

206. Rs. 6,810 was incorporated in the general receipts of the year in the State from the accumulated fund of Income. realisations from students, known as the School Fund, in pursuance of the policy adopted in the previous year.

CHAPTER VIII—ZEMINDARIES.

Chakla Roshnabad Estates.

207. The management of His Highness's Zemindaries in British India continued in the hands of Rai Jyotish Chandra Sen Bahadur, B. A., B. C. S., except for the period Management. 22nd Kartic to 24th Chyete during which he was on leave and Maharaj-kumar N. Ch. Deb Barman Bahadur was in charge. The Manager was assisted by three Assistant Managers and one Sub-Manager as before.

208. The gross Revenue demand of the year was Rs. 10,00,451 against Rs. 9,88,681 in the previous year.

209. The total receipts amounted to Rs. 11,67,712 against Rs. 12,72,148 in the previous year. The fall was mainly in the Northern Division where the price of jute was very much lower than in the preceeding year and the paddy crop was also not satisfactory and the paying capacity of the tenants was reduced in consequence.

210. The total expenditure in the year under review was Rs. 11,79,300 including adjustment of old advances Expenditure. against Rs. 12,15,375 in the previous year. Of this Rs. 2,68,970 was on account of Land Revenue and Cesses. The total administrative charges of the Zemindaries including Public Works and Law charges amounted to Rs. 3,56,303. The remainder represents special payments on account of the following items, aggregating Rs. 5,54,027.

1. Repayment of old debts ...	...	Rs. 4,99,999
2. Donation ...	...	" 1,549
3. Medical charges ...	...	" 11,698
4. Education charges ...	...	" 11,029
5. Religious ceremonies ...	...	" 6,122
6. Sansar stipends ...	...	" 15,780
7. Repayment of old deposits ...	...	" 7,850

Rs. 5,54,027

211. The result of the year's Settlement operations will appear Settlement. from the figures noted below :—

KINDS OF SETTLEMENT.	ADDITION TO RENTAL.		NAZAR.
1. Railway relinquished land ...	Rs. 7	Rs.	99
2. <i>Kaimi and Takshishi</i>			
<i>Taluk</i> in the Town ...	" 7	"	727
3. Ordinary Town Settlement ...	" 165	"	7,914
4. <i>Khaspatti</i> settlement ...	" 1,126	"	7,992

APPENDIX.

STATISTICAL RETURNS.

1336 T.E. (1926-27.)

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*List of the principal Laws and Regulations in force in the Tripura State
during 1336 T. E.*

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Whether introduced during the year under report.
<p style="text-align: center;">CRIMINAL.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Regulation No. III. of 1280 T. E. 2. Regulation No. I. of 1283 T. E. 3. Jail Regulation, 1283 T. E. 4. Regulation No. IV. of 1283 T. E. (Cattle trespass and pound). 5. Regulation No. III. of 1296 T. E. (Police Regulation). 6. Act No. IV. of 1321 T. E.—Penal Laws (an amending Act) 		
<p style="text-align: center;">CIVIL.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Civil Law of 1284 T. E. 2. Rules regarding <i>chit</i> suits (small causes) 1287 and 1300 T. E. 3. Act No. II. of 1313 T. E.—an Act for the regulation of interest on debts. 4. Act No. II. of 1314 T. E.—Limita- tion Act 	Partly adapted.	
<p style="text-align: center;">REVENUE.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Act No. I. of 1286 T. E.—Stamp Act 2. Act No. I. of 1290 T. E.—Sale Law 3. Act No. I. of 1296 T. E.—Tenancy Act 4. Act No. II. of 1296 T. E.—<i>Abkari</i> 5. Act No. II. of 1297 T. E.—Reserved forests. 6. Act No. I. of 1304 T. E.—Duties on <i>til</i> and cotton. 7. Act No. I. of 1306 T. E.—Registra- tion 8. Survey and Settlement Act, 1309 T. E. 9. <i>Tuccavi</i> Regulation, 1310 T. E. 10. Act No. I. of 1313 T. E.—Forests. 11. Act No. I. of 1314 T. E.—(amending the above) 12. A Law imposing export duty on jute and mustard-seed, 1317 T. E. 13. Act No. II. of 1321 T. E.—Ghasuri Act 		
<p style="text-align: center;">MISCELLANEOUS.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. An Act promulgating certain rules as Law, 1283 T. E. 2. Regulation for the record of judicial decisions &c., 1284 T. E. ... 3. Municipal Regulation, 1284 T. E. 4. Legal Practitioners' Regulation. 5. Act No. I. of 1297 T. E.—an Act for the regulation of commissions for the examination of witnesses. 6. Special Regulation against cow slaughter 7. Rules of evidence 8. Act I. of 1318 T. E.—Constitution of Courts—(an amending Act). 9. Leave and allowance Rules 10. Act No. I. of 1321 T. E.—Arms Act 11. Act No. III. of 1321 T. E.—Constitu- tion of Courts (an amending Act) 	<p style="text-align: center;">Do. Do.</p>	

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Whether introduced during the year under report.
<p>12. Municipal Act No. I of 1322 T. E.</p> <p>13. Revenue Sale Amendment Act—1323 T. E.</p> <p>14. An Act for the destruction of old records—1323 T. E.</p> <p>15. Act I of 1326 T. E.—Regulation regarding Privy Council Appeals.</p> <p>16. Act II of 1326 T. E.—Registration of Births and Deaths</p> <p>17. Act III of 1326 T. E.—Vaccination Act</p> <p>18. Act IV of 1326 T. E.—Public Demands Recovery Act</p> <p>19. Act V of 1326 T. E.—Excise Amendment Act</p> <p>20. Act I of 1327 T. E.—Settlement of lands for tea cultivation</p> <p>21. Regulation No. 1 of 1328 T. E.—regarding Registration of Coolies</p> <p>22. Regulation No. 2 of 1328 T. E.—regarding Export of Tea</p> <p>23. Act I of 1329 T. E.—(Absconding sepoys Act)</p> <p>24. Act II of 1329 T. E.—(Control of prices of food stuff)</p> <p>25. Act III of 1329 T. E.—(Elephants and Buffaloes grazing Act)</p> <p>26. Act IV of 1329 T. E.—(House tax on Hill tribes)</p> <p>27. Act V of 1329 T. E.—(Legal practitioners, Act)</p> <p>28. Act I of 1330 T. E.—Census Act</p> <p>29. Act I of 1332 T. E.—Encumbered Estates Act.</p> <p>30. Act III of 1332 T. E.—The Opium and Intoxicating Drugs Act.</p> <p>31. Amendment of Municipal Act (No. 2 of 1335 T. E.)</p> <p>32. An Act defining the term Minister (Act No 1 of 1335 T. E.)</p> <p>33. Hackney Carriage Bill.</p> <p>34. A Bill amending Act (No. I of 1336 T. E.)</p> <p>35. A Bill amending Rules about Survey and Settlement.</p> <p>36. A Bill for prevention of gambling.</p>	<p>Partly adapted.</p> <p>Do.</p> <p>Do.</p> <p>Do</p>	

ii.
Statement showing the strength, cost, and other particulars of the Military Force in Tripura State for 1336 T. E.

Arm of service.	NUMBER OF FIGHTING OFFICERS AND MEN.						DETAILS OF FORCE AT THE END OF THE CURRENT YEAR.						REMARKS.	
	At the end of last year.	Recruited this year.	Casualties.			At the end of the current year.	Number of regiments/battalions, or batteries.	Number of guns.	Number of men.					Total cost on account of pay and allowances of the force, including follow-on. (Excluding grant allowance.)
			Died.	Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c.				European commissioned officers.	Native commissioned officers.	Non-commissioned officers.	Fighting men.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Infantry ...	218	52	1	1	21	247	1	291 and one small cannon.	—	—	40	207	Rs. 40,240	

Statement showing the strength, cost, discipline, and education of the Police for the year 1336 T. E.

Description of office.	Number.	Pay of grade.	Total cost. (Excluding grain allowance.)	PUNISHMENTS.			REWARDS.		EDUCATION.		REMARKS.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded, or suspended departmentally.	Punished judicially.	By promotion.	By money.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	13	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Superintendent of Police	1	Rs. 150-10-250		—	—	—	—	—	1	—	
Asst. Superintendent "	1	75-5-100		—	—	—	—	—	1	—	
Inspector	4	50 to 80		—	—	—	—	—	4	—	
Daroga	25	25-2-45		—	6	—	—	4	25	—	
Naib Daroga	13	15-1-25		—	—	—	—	1	13	—	
Writer Constable	13	11	68 3/77	—	2	—	—	—	13	—	
Subedar	1	25-2-45		—	—	—	—	—	1	—	
Jamadar	10	15-1-25		—	1	—	—	—	9	—	
Constable.	236	8 to 12		13	36	—	—	1	200	—	
Chowkidar	175	5		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Spy	3	15 & 20		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	482			13	45	—	—	6	267	—	

IV.

Statement showing the working of the Police in the Tripura State during the year 1336 T.E.

State.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage convicted of accused arrested.		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		REMARKS.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Tripura State ...	1,282	1,318	802	711	824	638	187	171	87	102	68'2	54'3	68'2	62'2	

V.

Statement showing the value of property stolen and amount of recoveries in the Tripura State during the year 1336 T. E.

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		REMARKS.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Tripura State ...	Rs 22,695-10-0	Rs 18,115-4-3	Rs 10,324-6-3	Rs 2,710-5-0	45'4	14'95	

Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of, and cases awaiting trial in the Tripura State during the year 1936 T. E.

Description of offences.	NUMBER OF OFFENCES.				NUMBER OF PERSONS SENTENCED.										TERM OF IMPRISONMENT.										Remarks.								
	Balance from past year.	Committed during the present year.	Total.	Number of cases disposed of during the last year.	Number of cases disposed of during the present year.	Number of persons awaiting trial.	Number of persons apprehended.	Number of persons convicted.	Imprisonment and fine.				Whipping.	Capital punishment.	Total.	Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons confined being insane.	Number of persons dead during or before trial.	Under one month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.		From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	Transportation.	Capital punishment.	Persons awaiting trial.		
									Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																					
																																10	11
Class I. Offences against the State, public tranquillity, safety and justice &c.	16	22	38	22	26	12	160	43	0	40	0	8	25	0	0	43	59	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	58	a. Three persons transferred.
	13	47	60	47	45	15	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	
Class II. Offences against person.	50	207	257	187	192	65	462	66	0	25	0	18	23	0	0	68	264	0	4	6	4	2	9	3	6	4	3	5	1	0	0	125	b. Nine persons transferred and two persons have been warned for the future.
	79	302	381	333	321	60	307	34	3	0	2	0	29	0	0	34	229	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	44	
Class III. Offences against property.	354	923	1276	1007	998	278	1940	286	5	75	0	9	195	0	0	281	1200	0	4	19	18	23	16	1	3	0	3	6	0	0	0	432	c. Eight persons transferred.
	55	232	287	207	244	43	335	21	0	2	0	0	18	0	0	21	242	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	64	
Class IV. Other offences.	29	111	140	89	109	31	231	22	1	8	0	1	12	0	0	22	130	0	0	1	3	2	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	79	d. Two persons transferred, five persons released on bail, and three persons have been warned for the future.
	57	357	414	361	341	73	2162	215	0	1	0	0	6	0	0	7	105	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	40	
Total cognizable	449	1262	1711	1305	1325	386	2793	417	6	118	0	36	255	0	0	415	1662	0	8	26	25	27	27	15	18	4	6	11	1	0	0	694	
Total non-cognizable	204	938	1142	948	951	191	824	70	3	3	2	0	54	0	0	62	592	0	0	7	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	152	
GRAND TOTAL	653	2200	2853	2253	2276	577	3617	487	9	121	2	36	309	0	0	477	2254	0	8	33	25	27	28	15	18	4	6	11	1	0	0	846	

VII.

♦ Statement showing the number of offences reported and dealt with by the various Courts in the Tripura State during the year 1336 T.E.

Name of Court.	NUMBER OF OFFENCES REPORTED DURING THE YEAR.		NUMBER OF PERSONS DEALT WITH.										PERSONS DISPOSED OF.					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	REMARKS
	Last year.	Present year.	Remain- ing at the end of last year.	Brought to trial in 1335 T. E.					Total.		Dis- charged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Com- mitted or referred.	Died, escaped, or transfer- red &c.				
				Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.	On summons.	Voluntary.	Arrested in pre- sence of the Magis- trate.	Last year.	Present year.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		
Sadar Magistracy	733	709	160	209	187	273	6	5	999	840	311	188	121	27	0	193			
Sonamura "	341	222	100	112	42	117	51	3	536	425	101	159	86	3	4	72			
Bilonia "	318	243	104	84	22	113	222	23	596	568	160	193	73	6	0	136			
Kailashahar "	209	243	265	79	70	135	34	1	459	584	206	101	48	3	1	225			
Khowai "	175	167	19	18	46	187	7	0	290	277	64	133	12	5	14	49			
Dharmanagar "	246	263	96	41	15	122	41	0	295	315	113	84	48	12	9	49			
Udaipur "	213	303	116	83	106	208	17	6	326	536	258	108	59	1	1	109			
Sabrum "	57	50	3	7	5	35	11	0	95	61	19	30	11	0	0	1			
TOTAL	2,292	2,200	863	633	493	1,190	389	38	3,596	3,606	1,232	996	458	657	29	834			

a Excluding 11 persons pending before the court of Sessions at the close of the previous year.

b Including 11 persons pending from last year, the total number of persons for trial before the Court of Sessions was 68; of these, 29 were convicted.

c 4 discharged without trial, 22 acquitted, while 1 died during trial and 12 remained under trial.

VIII.

Statement of Criminal cases in which British Subjects were concerned for 1336 T. E.

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.	CASES IN WHICH DEFENDANTS WERE BRITISH SUBJECTS.												REMARKS.						
	Cases pending since the previous year.	Cases instituted during the year.	Total number of cases.	Cases in which complainants were British subjects.	Cases in which both parties were British subjects.	Cases pending since the previous year.	Cases instituted during the year.	Total number of cases.	Cases disposed of.		Cases pending at the close of the year.	Persons under trial at the close of the previous year.		Persons brought to trial during the year.	Total number of persons under trial.	Convicted.	Aquitted or Discharged.	Died, or Escaped &c.	Under trial at the close of the year.
									Rejected, Compromised or Dismissed without enquiry.	Tried.									
Class I. Offences against the State &c.
Class II. Offences against person.
	
Class III. Offences against property.
	
Class IV. Other offences.
	
Total cognizable
Total non-cognizable
GRAND TOTAL

* Of this number 177 were discharged without trial, the cases being dismissed, compromised or struck off on default. Excluding 3 dead and 118 pending, the actual number of persons tried was 349, of whom 151 or 43·266 were convicted as against 52·955 of the previous year.

IX.

Statement of Extradition Cases for the year 1336 T. E.

Names of Courts.	Nature of cases.	Number of persons against whom warrants were applied for.	Number of persons arrested and surrendered.	Number of persons who appeared of their own accord or were subsequently arrested within this territory.	Number at large at the close of the year.	RESULT.		Pending trial at the close of the year.	REMARKS.
						Convicted.	Acquitted or Discharged.		
Sadar Magistracy	Dacoity ...	6	3	2	0	0	0	5	Committed to Sessions.
	Theft ...	4	0	4	0	3	1	0	
	Culpable homicide not amounting to murder	3	0	3	0	0	0	3	
	Receiving stolen property	3	2	3	0	1	0	0	
	Escape from lawful custody	2	0	2	0	2	0	0	
	Wrongful confinement and rape	2	0	2	0	1	0	0	
	Cheating ...	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	
	Theft ...	2	1	0	0	1	0	1	
	Escape from lawful custody	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	
	Theft ...	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	
Bhona	Theft ...	3	3	0	0	3	0	0	
	Wrongful assembly, assault resistance to lawful apprehension, rescuing offenders from lawful custody	1	0	7	0	1	0	0	
	Theft ...	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	
	Theft, unlawful assembly, escape from lawful custody, resistance to lawful apprehension, rescuing offenders from lawful custody	3	0	3	0	3	0	0	
	Theft ...	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	
	Unlawful assembly and theft	7	6	2	0	0	0	7	
	Theft, resistance to lawful apprehension, rescuing offenders from lawful custody	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	
	Unlawful assembly, criminal trespass, theft and assault	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	
	Culpable homicide not amounting to murder	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	
	Theft ...	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	
Kailashahar	Escape from lawful custody	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	
	Escape from lawful custody	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	
	Escape from lawful custody	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	
	Escape from lawful custody	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	
	Theft ...	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	
	Criminal breach of trust ...	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	
	Kidnapping	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	
	Theft ...	6	0	0	6	0	0	0	
	Theft ...	4	3	0	1	0	2	1	
	Unlawful assembly and hurt	7	4	0	3	0	4	0	
	Total	77	30	27	20	17	17	23	

X.

Statement showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Tripura State during the year 1336 T. E.

TRIBUNALS.	NUMBER OF PERSONS AND CASES.																Remarks.		
	Number of applications.		Sentences.						Proceedings quashed.		Referred.		Further enquiry, &c., ordered.		Pending.				
			Applications rejected.		Confirmed.		Modified.											Reversed.	
			Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.		Persons.	Cases.
Khas Adalat. ...	269	35	26	146	124	52	21	97	63	1	1	—	—	10	10	29	24		

Civil Work.—Nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of during the year 1336 T. E.

TRIBUNAL.	SUITS FILED DURING PRESENT YEAR.				SUITS DISPOSED OF DURING PRESENT YEAR.										REMARKS.												
	Opening balance.		Filed during the year, received by transfer or on remand.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Value.		Suits filed during present year.						Suits disposed of during present year.								
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Suits as landed property.	Suits for money trans-action.	Suits for other rights.	Number of suits under Rs. 100.		Number of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	Number of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1,000.	Number of suits above Rs. 1,000 and under Rs. 5,000.	Number of suits above Rs. 5,000.	Expatrie.	Admitted and compro-mised.	Struck off the file.	Otherwise disposed of.	Value.	Average duration.		
Khat Adalat	49	31	26	34	75	65	44	29	31	36	Rs. 129,922-5-6	21	3	10	0	0	0	0	25	4	1	18	5	5	Rs. 63,210-7-6	0-4-4	Suits not estimable in money.
Original Side	488	485	787	787	1,928	1,272	741	828	485	444	63,901-10-9	335	289	183	400	209	14	0	0	0	430	129	90	179	55,136-2-9	0-11-12	164
Sadar Dewani	90	28	217	186	307	224	289	188	28	36	15,288-1-9	55	106	25	115	45	1	0	0	0	55	10	18	104	17,911-14-3	0-1-1	26
Senamur "	17	21	123	141	140	162	119	127	21	35	6,897-7-9	95	13	33	99	13	2	0	0	0	58	19	38	12	8,164-3-4	0-2-13	27
Bilokla "	309	330	274	308	683	638	253	428	330	210	18,391-11-6	146	153	9	233	42	3	0	0	0	151	83	69	125	36,517-12-9	0-3-12	26
Katashahar "	26	21	130	132	156	153	135	109	21	53	8,292-15-6	26	102	4	76	26	0	0	0	0	33	28	20	21	4,975-12-6	0-0-28	30
Khowai "	52	68	170	230	222	299	153	179	69	120	18,551-14-9	56	59	115	136	53	3	0	0	0	30	29	48	72	8,840-11-3	0-0-24	29
Dharmabagar	41	102	265	188	306	290	304	235	102	55	14,388-1-0	12	143	33	107	46	1	0	0	0	77	38	25	94	9,694-13-0	0-3-16	32
Udaipur "	1	0	15	8	16	8	16	7	0	1	942-10-9	2	6	-0	2	4	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	3	814-10-9	0-3-2	2
Sabrum "																											
Total...	1,074	1,097	1,957	2,014	3,031	3,111	1,934	2,121	1,097	990	9,76,548-15-3	748	854	412	1168	439	24	25	4	836	354	316	615	2,03,280-8-3	0-3-12	354	

XII.

Civil Work.—Results of applications for Execution of Decrees, 1336 T.E.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for present year.	Applications brought to the Register.		Value for present year.	Total.		Value for present year.	Disposed of.		Value for present year.	Closing balance.		Value for present year.	Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of the year.			REMARKS.
	Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.		Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
Khas Adalat (Original side)	19	21	R. a. p. 45,392-10-3	7	5	R. a. p. 10,957-10-6	26	26	R. a. p. 56,290-4-9	5	12	R. a. p. 7,348-4-0	21	14	R. a. p. 49,947-0-9	1	3	10	
Sadar Dewani Adalat	154	142	24,717-0-0	199	258	22,884-9-6	353	400	48,601-9-8	211	221	22,428-5-9	142	179	26,173-3-9	108	37	34	
Somnath	31	36	4,102-6-6	117	60	9,501-10-0	148	96	13,604-0-6	112	79	10,694-12-0	36	17	2,909-4-6	16	0	1	
Bilwari	16	8	1,044-0-9	53	38	4,934-12-3	69	46	5,978-13-0	61	36	4,893-9-3	8	10	985-3-9	10	0	0	
Kailashnagar	77	99	14,339-15-6	79	63	8,076-0-0	156	162	20,415-15-6	57	98	10,856-11-9	99	64	9,559-3-9	17	16	31	
Khorai	9	12	703-0-0	43	35	4,684-1-6	52	47	4,787-7-6	40	39	3,110-0-0	12	8	1,677-7-6	8	0	0	
Dharmanagar	61	47	6,017-11-9	48	59	5,281-6-0	99	106	11,279-1-9	52	77	7,718-4-9	47	29	3,560-13-0	20	6	3	
Bidai pur	37	36	6,817-3-3	111	69	8,544-15-6	148	105	15,362-2-9	112	82	11,477-13-3	36	23	3,884-5-6	22	0	1	
Salwan	0	1	228-8-3	4	4	301-10-9	4	5	528-3-0	3	5	528-3-0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
Total ...	394	402	1,33,00-14-3	661	691	73,546-12-0	1,055	993	1,17,847-10-3	653	649	79,150-15-9	402	344	97,606-10-6	202	62	80	

XIII.

Civil Work.—Number and results of appeals in civil suits, 1336 T. E.

TRIBUNAL.	HOW DISPOSED OF.												Average duration.													
	Opening balance.		Filed during.		Total.		Disposed of during.		Closing balance.		Value of appeals filed during.		Decisions confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended.		Cases remanded for retrial.		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of.		Past year.		Present year.	
													Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.
Khas Adalat ...	61	65	163	169	224	234	159	188	65	46	Rs. a. p. 19,032-13-6	Rs. a. p. 20,070-1-6	63	80	58	48	9	8	11	24	18	28	Y.m.d. 0-2-2	Y.m.d. 0-2-1		

XIV.

Statement showing the number of persons confined in the jails and lock-ups in the Tripura State during the year 1336 T.E.

Stations.	Number of prisons.	NUMBER OF PRISONERS.				DAILY AVERAGE.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Cost of jail and prisoners, Rs.	Average period in days of accused under trial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.				
Agartala ...	1	83	261	256	344	67.71	96.47	111	12,576	65.8	One convict died of Chronic Diarrhea. One convict died of Meningitis. One undertrial died of Double Pneumonia. One undertrial died of Malarial Fever with enlarged Spleen.
Sonamura ...	1	4	84	99	88	3.91	4.33	19	692	16.86	
Kailashahar ...	1	3	77	58	80	4.03	6.20	4	830	28.96	
Bilonia ...	1	4	52	57	56	1.23	2.82	—	507	20.42	
Khowai ...	1	—	27	40	27	2.76	4.49	2	222	8.04	
Dharmanagar ...	1	20	51	53	71	5.47	3.34	3	589	15.46	
Udaipur ...	1	2	41	40	43	1.91	2.21	—	296	18.30	
Sabrum ...	1	—	9	9	9	1.15	1.14	—	112	2.2	
TOTAL ...	8	116	602	612	718	87.17	116.00	139	15,824	22.00	

XV.

Registration of documents in the Tripura State during the year 1336 T.E.

Name of State	NATURE OF DOCUMENTS PRESENTED.													Documents registered.	Value of documents registered.		Documents of which registration has been refused.		Documents remaining unregistered at the end of the year.		REMARKS.
	Documents presented for registration.		Mortgages.		Sale deeds.		Wills.		Money bonds.		Miscellaneous.		Past year.		Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.		
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13									
I	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
Tripura State	13,285	12,890	3,452	3,456	5,858	5,634	7	6	343	385	3,605	34,15	13,109	12,742	21,12,171	Rr. 21,63,613	136	156	74	72	22

XVI.

Statement showing the receipts and expenditure on account of Registration during the year 1336 T.E.

Description.	PAST YEAR.			PRESENT YEAR.			REMARKS.
	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.	
Mortgages ...	3,452	Rs. 4,91,813	Rs. 3,574	3,456	Rs. 5,37,078	Rs. 3,517	
Sale deeds ...	5,858	12,76,855	7,845	5,634	11,71,329	7,951	
Will ...	7	—	32	6	2,155	26	
Money bonds ...	343	32,004	265	385	54,101	318-8	
Miscellaneous ...	3,605	4,34,699	4,064	3,415	4,79,664	4,175-8	
Total ...	13,265	22,35,371	15,780	12,896	22,44,327	15,988	
Total Expenditure ...	—	—	4,336	—	—	4,682	
Net Income ...	—	—	11,444	—	—	11,306	

XVII.

Receipts and expenditure of the Municipalities in the Tripura State during the year 1336 T.E.

NAME,	Opening balance.	RECEIPTS DURING THE YEAR.							Total in the current year.	EXPENDITURE DURING THE YEAR.		Balance at the close of the year.	REMARKS.
		Past.	Present.				Total.	Past.		Present.			
			State grant.	Tax.	Miscellaneous.	Total.							
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12		
Agartala Municipality.	Rs. A.P. 17,443-11-0	Rs. A.P. 40,408-13-3	Rs. A.P. 9,706-0-0	Rs. A.P. 3,086-11-9	Rs. A.P. 7,166-3-6	Rs. A.P. 30,556-16-3	Rs. A.P. 37,961-14-0	Rs. A.P. 22,966-2-3	Rs. A.P. 27,117-13-3	Rs. A.P. 10,844-0-9	a. Including Rs. 5,815-11-3 as income from the Bazar and Rs. 202 as deposits and advances recovered. b. Including Rs. 11,949-13-9 as expenditure on Bazar improvement and Rs. 198-8 as advances and deposits paid. c. Including Rs. 9,538-2-6 of the Bazar improvement fund.		

XVIII.

Statement of rainfall in the Tripura State during the year 1336 T.E.

STATE.	Baisak.	Jaisak.	Asar.	Shravan.	Bhadra.	Asvin.	Kartik.	Agrahayan.	Pous.	Magh.	Falgun.	Chait.	Total.	Total of past year.	Average of past 5 years.	REMARKS.
Tripura State ...	11'64	11'85	15'57	17'17	17'63	8'50	2'07	1'10	2'54	1'98	2'15	8'94	110'04	108'28	93'92	

1. Maximum 128'83—Dharmasagar Division. 2. Minimum 66'05—Sadar Division.

XIX.

Statement as to the prices of staple food- grains for the year 1336 T.E.

Articles.	During Chait (past year).			During Chait (present year).			REMARKS.
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	
(1) RICE							
Maximum	9	0	0	10	0	0	
Minimum	6	0	0	6	0	0	
(2) PADDY							
Maximum	4	0	0	4	8	0	
Minimum	2	12	0	2	12	0	

XX.

Expenditure on Public Works during the year 1336 T.E.

Description of work.	STATE FUNDS.			LOCAL FUNDS.			REMARKS.
	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	
Buildings ...	Rs. 85,244	Rs. 79,627	Rs. 1,64,871	Rs. —	Rs. —	Rs. 1,64,945	
Roads and bridges ...	45,055	31,121	76,176	—	—	76,176	
Tanks ...	63,42	2,929	9,271	—	—	9,271	
Miscellaneous works ...	5,768	76	5,844	—	—	5,844	
Total ...	1,42,409	1,13,753	2,56,162	—	—	2,56,236	
Minor works at the Rajbari (Karhiana) ...	—	6,172	6,172	—	—	6,172	
Establishment charges ...	—	—	18,681	—	—	18,681	
GRAND TOTAL ...	1,42,409	1,19,925	2,81,015	—	—	2,81,089	

XXI.

Statement showing the excise shops and excise revenue of the Tripura State during the year 1336 T.E.

Names of Divisions.	COUNTRY SPIRIT.		COUNTRY SPIRIT, OPIUM AND GANJA.		GANJA AND OPIUM.		TARI.		TOTAL.		REMARKS.
	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue demand.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue realised.	
1. Sadar ...	1	Rs. 5,500	7	Rs. 24,198	—	—	—	—	8	Rs. 29,698	
2. Kalishahar ...	1	1,590	7	14,528	—	—	—	—	8	16,118	
3. Sonamura ...	—	—	1	3,785	—	—	—	—	1	3,785	
4. Belonia ...	—	—	1	1,750	—	—	—	—	1	1,750	
5. Khowai ...	—	—	4	13,260	—	—	—	—	4	13,260	
6. Dharmanagar ...	—	—	4	9,141	—	—	—	—	4	9,141	
7. Udaipur ...	—	—	2	2,891	—	—	—	—	2	2,891	
8. Sabroom ...	—	—	1	830	—	—	—	—	1	830	
9. Amarpur ...	1	15	1	36	—	—	—	—	2	51	
	3	7,105	28	70,419	—	—	—	—	31	77,524	

Statement of Medical Relief * afforded in the Tripura State during the year 1336 T.E.

DISPENSARY.	NUMBER OF PATIENTS TREATED. (new)		RESULTS OF IN-DOOR PATIENTS. (new)				Expenditure.	DAILY AVERAGE. (old + new)			NO. OF SURGICAL OPERATIONS PERFORMED.			NO. OF PERSONS VACCINATED DURING THE YEAR.			REMARKS.
	Outdoor.	Indoor.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.		Outdoor.	Indoor.	Total.	Major.	Minor.	Total.	Successful.	Unsuccessful.	Total.	
1. Victoria Memorial Hospital at Agartala and the Charitable Dispensary attached to it...	11,833	400	249	115	21	15	Rs. 9,337	56.41	15.58	71.99	17	285	302	948	411	1,359	* This Statement excludes figures regarding Kaviraji treatment. † This figure shows the actual number of outdoor patients treated, the total outdoor attendance during the year being 1,67,383 against 1,82,016 in the previous year.
2. Palace Dispensary	10,257	0	0	0	0	0	10,453	61.32	0	61.32	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3. Homoeopathic	10,075	0	0	0	0	0	4,862	59.25	0	59.25	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4. Old Agartala	5,035	0	0	0	0	0	1,437	23.98	0	23.98	0	45	45	960	187	1,147	
5. Bishalgar	5,320	0	0	0	0	0	1,251	20.29	0	20.29	0	59	59	1,369	243	1,612	
6. Sonamura	6,730	6	6	0	0	0	1,531	32.00	18	32.18	1	80	81	493	50	543	
7. Udaipur	3,606	0	0	0	0	0	1,221	13.32	0	13.32	0	39	39	215	30	245	
8. Amarpur	802	0	0	0	0	0	931	4.09	0	4.09	1	13	14	231	44	275	
9. Bilonia...	5,257	8	7	1	0	0	1,309	23.79	31	24.10	0	110	110	54	6	60	
10. Loongthung	2,512	0	0	0	0	0	1,111	11.02	0	11.02	1	27	28	157	17	174	
11. Sabroom	2,533	2	2	0	0	0	1,292	9.96	0	10.03	0	41	41	287	2	299	
12. Khowai	4,893	0	0	0	0	0	1,442	16.87	0	16.87	0	46	46	922	220	1,142	
13. Kailashahar	8,890	0	0	0	0	0	1,131	27.83	0	27.83	4	163	167	329	142	471	
14. Faik-roy	2,468	0	0	0	0	0	1,062	9.64	0	9.64	0	49	49	74	12	86	
15. Kamalpur	3,997	0	0	0	0	0	1,106	17.46	0	17.46	0	43	43	327	66	393	
16. Dharmnagar	4,950	11	8	3	0	0	1,420	26.46	31	26.77	5	88	93	913	147	1,060	
17. Mohanpur	2,498	0	0	0	0	0	1,042	11.23	0	11.23	0	8	8	134	9	143	
18. Dhaleswar	6,625	0	0	0	0	0	1,324	33.60	0	33.60	0	48	48	0	0	0	
Total ...	† 98,211	427	272	119	21	15	43,262	458.51	16.46	474.49	29	1,144	1,173	7,423	1,586	9,009	

XXIII.

Vital statistics of the Tripura State for the year 1336 T.E.

STATE.	Population.	BIRTHS.		Increase.	Decrease.	DEATHS.		Increase.	Decrease.	RATIO PER 1,000 OF POPULATION.				REMARKS.
		Past year.	Present year.			Past year.	Present year.			Births.	DEATHS.			
											Past year.	Present year.		
Tripura State ...	3,02,657	2,361	2,509	148	—	2,274	2,595	321	—	7·8	8·28	7·5	9·8	

XXIV.

Education Return (A)—Particulars as to the schools maintained during the year 1336 T.E.

NUMBER OF SCHOOLS.		Description of Schools.	NUMBER OF PUPILS ON THE ROLLS ON THE LAST DAY OF CHAIT.		DAILY AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.		REMARKS.
Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
5	5	High English Schools ...	1,414	14,29	1,014'19	1,033'62	<p>* In some of these schools boys and girls read together.</p>
6	7	Middle English Schools for boys ...	646	803	474'85	608'09	
1	1	Middle English Schools for girls ...	70	85	56'3	70'40	
1	1	Higher Vernacular Schools for boys	48	50	38'08	40'25	
22	22	* Lower Vernacular Schools for boys	1,229	1,210	935'77	922'13	
93	89	* Pathshalas for boys ...	2,030	2,344	1,583'13	1,814'02	
9	9	Do for girls ...	192	189	138'1	137'07	
		<i>Special Schools :—</i>					
6	5	Madrasahs ...	195	167	135'99	113'87	
3	3	Sanskrit Tols ...	39	42	27'44	28'03	
1	1	Woodburn Artisan School...	13	12	4'71	5'53	
TOTAL	147		5,876	6,331	4,408'56	4,773'04	

Aixx

Education Return (B) Race of Students, 1336 T. E.

Names of Divisions.	No. of Schools.		No. of Students.		Race.										Average daily attendance.		REMARKS.				
	For boys.	For girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Rajkumars.	Thakurs.	Manipuris.	Tripuras.	Reangs.	Chakmas.	Kukis.	Lusais.	Bengalee.			Boys.	Girls.		
															Hindus.	Musalmans.				Christians.	Others.
1. Sadar Division	48	3	51	1,830	135	1,965	8	167	150	297	0	0	42	0	740	546	3	12	1,423.01	98.86	
2. Kailashahar "	23	2	25	980	97	1,077	0	0	347	32	2	12	0	21	503	160	0	0	726.43	69.84	
3. Sonamura "	20	1	21	935	81	1,016	0	10	0	37	0	0	0	0	253	716	0	0	691.86	53.71	
4. Bilonia "	9	1	10	778	11	789	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	568	221	0	0	573.85	10.44	
5. Khowai "	9	1	10	238	14	252	0	0	15	156	0	0	0	0	55	5	0	21	198.41	0	
6. Dharmanagar "	11	1	12	611	41	652	0	0	102	0	0	0	0	0	407	141	0	2	422.95	33.23	
7. Udaipur "	7	1	8	324	24	348	0	1	0	26	2	0	0	0	150	169	0	0	257.92	18.91	
8. Sabrum "	4	0	4	182	15	197	0	0	0	35	0	0	0	0	105	46	0	11	152.40	8.10	
9. Amarpur Sub-division ...	2	0	2	33	2	35	0	2	0	0	26	0	0	0	5	1	0	1	31.88	1.21	
TOTAL	133	10	143	5,911	420	6,331	8	180	614	583	30	12	42	21	2,786	2,005	3	47	4,478.71	294.30	

XXVI.

Statement showing the distribution of Portfolios among the members of the Council of Administration, Tripura State, 1336 T. E.

Members.	Departments allotted to Portfolios.	REMARKS.
President ...	1. Judicial. 2. Sultanat. 3. Sansar. 4. Nij Tahabil.	
Vice-President ...	1. Political and Appointment. 2. Police. 3. Revenue and General. 4. Agriculture. 5. Forest. 6. Accounts and Audit. 7. Treasury and Stamps. 8. Chakla Roshnabad Estates and other Zemindaries.	
Maharajkumar B. K. Dev Barman ...	1. Jail. 2. Education and Rajmala. 3. Medical and Sanitation. 4. Military. 5. Public Works. 6. Zoo.	
Thakur P. C. Roy ...	1. Pilkhana and Stables. 2. Tosakhana. 3. Guest House. 4. Registration. 5. Press, Forms, Stationery, Gazette and Record Room. 6. Municipality.	

APPENDIX XXVIII. (A)

*Statement of Audited Receipts for the year 1336 T. E.***Chakla Roshnabad Estate.**

Heads of Receipts.	1335 T. E.		1336 T. E.		REMARKS.
	Revised Estimate.	Actuals.	Revised Estimate.	Actuals.	
1. Rent and Cess ...	10,99,000	12,03,813	11,02,000	11,04,239	
2. Cess for Rent free holdings ...	9,500	7,526	7,461	8,287	
3. Law charges recovered	65,200	57,133	52,816	52,026	
4. Misc. receipts including deposits ...	15,484	7,460	4,000	10,219	
5. Loans Received ...	—	—	—	—	
Total ...	11,89,184	12,75,932	11,66,277	11,74,771	
Opening Balance :—					
Cash ...	1,47,517	1,47,517	1,56,681	1,56,681	
Advance ...	1,60,941	1,60,941	1,08,050	1,08,050	
Loans issued ...	8,131	8,131	12,415	12,415	
Bank deposits ...	—	—	1,00,000	1,00,000	
Total ...	3,16,589	3,16,589	3,77,146	3,77,146	
Grand Total ...	15,05,773	15,92,521	15,43,423	15,51,917	

APPENDIX XXVIII. (B)

*Statement of Audited Expenditure for the year 1336 T. E.***Chakla Roshnabad Estate.**

Heads of Expenditure.	1335 T. E.		1336 T. E.		REMARKS.
	Revised Estimate.	Actuals.	Revised Estimate.	Actuals.	
i. 1. Revenue and Cess ...	2,68,083	2,67,026	2,70,296	2,68,970	
2. Establishment ...	1,44,782	1,40,729	1,47,963	1,43,844	
3. Settlement ...	1,424	783	1,424	809	
4. Legal Expenses ...	1,33,000	1,29,224	1,26,086	1,01,347	
5. Education ...	10,576	10,228	12,268	11,029	
6. Medical ...	11,162	10,615	11,802	11,698	
7. Public Works ...	58,871	54,454	96,495	82,616	
8. Religious Expenses	6,300	6,058	6,381	6,122	
9. Purchase of property	157	128	3,000	6,805	
10. Miscellaneous ...	12,000	12,725	8,059	10,644	
11. Loans and Advances	3,000	—	3,000	—	
12. Pension and Gratuity	5,500	4,627	5,000	4,841	
13. Forest ...	650	545	650	564	
14. Unforeseen ...	3,000	2,935	5,000	4,833	
ii. Sansar ...	15,780	15,780	15,780	15,780	
iii. Donation ...	2,000	1,659	7,000	1,549	
iv. Repayment of debts	5,00,000	5,00,000	5,00,000	4,99,999	
iv. (a) Repayment of deposits ...	7,000	7,859	7,000	7,850	
v. Contribution to State ...	50,000	50,000	—	—	
	12,33,285	12,15,375	12,32,204	11,79,300	
Closing Balance :—					
Cash ...	1,46,416	1,56,681	1,14,222	1,24,852	
Advances ...	1,17,941	1,08,050	84,582	1,35,537	
Loans issued ...	8,131	12,415	12,415	12,228	
Bank deposits ...	—	1,00,000	1,00,000	1,00,000	
	2,72,488	3,77,146	3,11,219	3,72,617	
Grand Total ...	15,05,773	15,92,521	15,43,423	15,51,917	

